THE DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE.

By Gallaway, Hampton & Co.) MEMPHIS, THURSDAY, AUGUST 29, 1867. (Volume Nine—Number 203

THE DAILY AVALANCHE

Mr. M. D. Grinnell, Sheriff of Mobile, is dead.

The proposed fifteen cent note, it is now stated, is not to be issued.

The wine crop of California this year is estimated at 35,000,000 gallons.

Prof. J. C. Watson, of Michigan University, announces the discovery of a new planet.

The *Nation* says twenty-five dollars will purchase any testimony wanted in New York.

General Butler returns $60,000 for taxation in Lowell. Where does he keep his stolen plate?

The hotel runners in Chicago have been arrested as nuisances. They are nuisances everywhere.

The libel suit of the Confederate ex-Major Cummings, of Tennessee, against the New York *Herald*, has been dismissed.

'Intelligence has been received at the Haytien Consulate, New York, that ex-Emperor Zoloque had died of apoplexy.

Thomas Jones, deputy jailor of Hudson City, New Jersey, was Sunday morning shot dead at Union Hall by W. Kirtley.

Two hundred and thirty tons of Vermont butter passed throtgh Concord, New Hampshire, by railway, on Wednesday.

Alexander McCauseland, the builder of the first steam fire engine ever made in Philadelphia, died in that city on Saturday.

The second installment of D'Arcy McGee's Fenian exposures has been published. It does not amount to much.

Representative E. B. Washburne arrived in Washington, Sunday, much improved in health. He is visiting General Grant.

The Detroit Board of Trade has passed a resolution that two hundred pounds shall hereafter constitute a barrel of flour.

Professor Whitney, of the California State Geological corps, reports that by careful barometrical observations he found the height of Mount Hood, in Oregon, not to exceed 12,000 feet.

Gerrit Smith confesses that he gave John Brown money to assist in running off slaves; but he avers that he gave him none whatever to assist in the invasion of Harper's Ferry.

It is said that General Prim, the Spanish revolutionary leader, if he can succeed in his designs, will sell Cuba to the United States, the price to be determined by a mixed commission.

Bonner's "Dexter" trotted in harness against "Bolly Lewis" under the saddle, at Hamilton, Canada, on Friday. "Dexter" made the three straight heats in 2:27, 2:22 and 2:25.

Hon. R. L. Waddill, long a resident of Collin county, Texas, formerly of Hopkinsville, Kentucky, died at his residence near McKinney, Texas, on the 5th instant.

A boy of eleven years, who was hit in the stomach by a bat in the hands of another boy, in a base ball match in Chicago, on the 13th, died two days after.

A party of dissolute men and women crossing the Ohio river at Cairo on Saturday were precipitated into the water, by the skiff careening, and two of the women drowned.

John L. Taylor, said to have been formerly a commissary in the Confederate army, was arrested in Brooklyn, Friday, on a charge of attempting to shoot his wife.

The Raleigh *Progress* has been threatened with suppression for ridiculing his Grace, Dan Sickles, Duke of the Carolinas. Daniel does not need the newspapers to make him ridiculous.

The Springfield (Mass.) *Republican* says that five thousand Spencer rifles, which have been delayed at Albany for several months, are now arriving at the Springfield armory for repairs.

John C. Phillips, of Richmond, Virginia, has been arrested upon the charge of stealing 150 kegs of powder, the property of Dupont & Co., from the magazine of their agents in that city.

While the Revenue Inspector and his assistants were attempting to seize two illicit distilleries in Philadelphia, they were attacked by a crowd of several hundred persons in the street and driven off.

Mrs. J. Well was arrested in New York, charged with having perpetrated an abortion on the person of Amelia Hartzog, a young woman aged twenty-three. Miss Hartzog is lying at the point of death.

Dorsey, the murderer of Mr. Duncan, of Nolin, Kentucky, was arrested in Indiana, and accompanied by the officers, was permitted to enter the house of his cousin, from which he escaped. Collusion is suspected.

The Mexican correspondence of the New Orleans *Picayune* says that no less than five hundred Imperial officers, prisoners of war, French, Austrian, Belgian and Mexican, have been shot since the 1st of March, and the work goes on yet.

The Vicksburg *Times* of the 27th says: "The Mayor and Council, and the Sheriff of Warren county, it is given out, are to be removed by General Ord, and the names of their successors were freely mentioned on the street.

It is stated that the North Carolina University, at Chapel Hill, will soon be closed, because of its inability to conduct its exercises further. It was in a most flourishing condition when the war broke out, but lost all its money.

A special dispatch to the New York *Herald*, dated Havana, 23d instant, says that President Cabral, of Dominica, had dispatched a messenger to Washington, with orders to accept the offer of $5,000,000 from the United States for the port of Sonana, in the Island of Hayti.

Charles A. Shield, clerk in the office of the Local Superintendent of the Freedmen's Bureau of the District of Columbia, has been relieved from duty, and ordered to the Department of the Mississippi. O. S. B. Wall, J. L. Roberts, M. J. Manning, C. C. Walden and John Williams have also been transferred to the Department of the Mississippi.

Colonel Fowler, who was recently murdered in Jefferson, Texas, by an Internal Revenue Collector, will be recollected as the commander of Fowler's battery, in the army of Tennessee. He was at one time a member of the Legislature of Alabama from Green, editor of the Eutaw *Whig*, and was, during the last session, Clerk of the House of Representatives of Alabama.

A terrible combat took place Wednesday week, at Little Elk, Cecil county, Maryland, between Thomas Thackeray and Rudolph Bennett. A lady was the cause. They fought a duel on the street with guns, and both were badly if not fatally wounded, and would have killed each other outright had not the Sheriff and a party of citizens interposed and quelled the disturbance.

The letters and extracts from correspondence which reached the *New Orleans Crescent* office, Monday, contained information about the cotton crop of not so universally gloomy a character as that the same paper published a week ago. The prospect in some quarters, says the *Crescent*, is bad enough, but within the last week the planters appear to be recovering somewhat from the apprehensions occasioned by the early attacks of the worms.

FROM OUR TRAVELING CORRESPONDENT.

Affairs at Bailey Springs.

BAILEY'S SPRINGS, ALABAMA, August 26, 1867.

EDITORS AVALANCHE: We pity you denizens of your hot, dusty, musquito bitten city. From our hearts we sympathize with you all; and extend a cordial invitation to you to come to this famous summer resort, for it is certainly one of the most delightful places in the South, both for invalids and pleasure seekers. Hundreds who are now enjoying restored health, bear testimony to the healing virtues of these waters; in fact it is conceded to be the most wonderful Spring in the whole country. If you could see (as I have) persons of every age, some here broken down with disease, pale and emaciated, and watch the progress of returning health to them, you could but add your verdict in favor of the value of this place.

The proprietors have exerted every energy that lay in their power to make the place a desirable and pleasant resort. Mr. Ellis, a gentlemanly and pleasant representative man of the ownership, acts the host with much grace, and makes himself very acceptable to his guests. Hence he is a great favorite, especially with the young ladies. The Superintendent, Mr. R. M. Christian, is also very popular and attentive to the wants and interests of the guests. His genial face and hearty laugh always welcome visitors. The resident physician, Dr. Moody, has made himself very acceptable and popular by his gentlemanly grace and the successful manner in which he uses his large experience in chronic diseases.

Among the guests we have numerous ladies and gentlemen from Memphis. Mrs. Forrest, the estimable wife of the General; Mrs. Gallaway, the wife representative of the AVALANCHE, has been with us, and it will delight her numerous friends to learn that she has improved in health, and has enjoyed her sojourn very much; Mr. Moore, weather and family; Mr. Keeble and lady; Mr. Brown and family; Rev. Mr. Collins, of the Second street Methodist church, and his wife; Mrs. Charlie Jones and her daughter, Miss Jennie; the beautiful and fascinating Mrs J. C. Pettit and her elegant and accomplished sister, Miss Iris Cooper, and the charming Miss Ellen Cooper, and Mrs. Glenn, have been enjoying the pleasures and healthful delights and gayety of the season.

There are several Memphis gentlemen sojourning with us. They are Major McGee, Captain Estes, Mr. Forrest, Mr. Somons, Colonel Gallaway, Mr. Drew, and Dr. L. E. Nagle. From Montgomery, Alabama, we have Judge Bibb and family, and Judge Chilbreall and family. From Somerville, Tennessee, there are Judge Scott and wife, Miss Boyd, Mrs. Higgerson and daughter. From Shelbyville we have that famously true Southern woman and beautiful and popular lady, Miss Maggie Whitesides. Mrs. J. A. Jackson, of Pulaski, a very elegant representative of the society of that section, is lending her graces to embellish this pleasant resort. Miss ——, from Murfreesboro, Tennessee, and Miss Flora, from Mobile, Alabama, are visitors. Mrs. McGuire, of Florence, is resident here, and lends, by her delightful presence, a great charm to the attractions of the resort. Miss Nelle Collier interprets by her presence here, that Florence has beautiful ladies in its charming society. Miss Foster is also another very delightful accession from Florence.

There is much communnity of feeling existing among the visitors, all being decidedly Southern in every respect. They all seem to exert themselves to the fullest to make every one feel at home and enjoy the place. The nights are cool and of witching loveliness. The days are not sultry and uncomfortably hot, and the season is in every respect exceedingly genial and pleasant to all the visitors. The variety of amusements are sufficient to make the time pass lightly and enjoyably. Nightly Jordon's excellent band discourses fine music, to which the devotees of Terpsichore's shrine give willing worship. Occasionally the *bal masque* and tableaux vary the entertaining revelries. Tuesday nights are the ball occasions, when large accessions are made to the company from various quarters. The bowling alley is under the same roof with the magical springs, and are daily well patronized by numbers of visitors. The resorts are very pleasant though insufficient in number to satisfy pedestrians. The surroundings are healthful in point of salubrity of climate, and clearness of atmosphere. The waters are considered especially curative for several classes of disease, and are largely visited on that account.

The rosy little god is very busy with his bow and arrows hereabouts, and is working havoc with young hearts. Some of the sons of Mars who wore the grey are very much in danger of having to surrender again, and no wonder, for the young ladies here are unusually charming. It seldom occurs that so many beautiful, elegant and accomplished young ladies are seen at a resort as we have here. We hope to see numbers of the young ladies and gentlemen of Memphis here ere the season closes. We also welcome the invalids, who may rest assured that we will make them feel themselves as one of our large family, and feel that this is a very home like place. D.

ONE OF BROWNLOW'S PETS IN TROUBLE.

A Tragedy Prevented in the Public Streets.

From the New York Express, Aug.)

Officer Barclay, of the 10th precinct, arrested a negro named Charles Anderson, Tuesday night, while in the act of flourishing a "four-shooter" over the head of another colored man in the street. When taken to the station house, a flask of gunpowder and a quantity of bullets and caps were found in his possession. He was brought before Justice Shandley this morning, at the Essex Market Police Court, and charged with being a dangerous negro.

Mr. Shandley—I say, Charles, where do you belong to?

Colored Person—I belonged to Massa Smith ofore de war, since I'se attached to de Freedmen's Bureau.

Mr. Shandley—What State have you lived in?

Colored Person—In Tennessee. I'se a'porter ob Massa Brownlow for Governor. The Ethiopic niggas near kill me.

Mr. Shandley—What brought you to New York?

Colored Person—A yaller gal what fotched my heart off; she come up here wid a 'theatre man, and I come to fotch her back.

Mr. Shandley—What were you doing with the revolver in the street?

Colored Person—I'se afraid some of dem dere niggers would kotch the gal, and I wanted to show 'em dat I am dere s'periors, kaus I kin run on de Brownlow ticket, and they can't go to de polls without property. Yah! yah!

Justice Shandley was of opinion that it would be decidedly dangerous to the public peace if he was allowed to go at large, and committed him to the care of the commissioners of charities and correction.

TENNESSEE ITEMS.

The Dyersburg *Gazette* says the crops in Dyer county are suffering for rain. We have not had a shower, in many localities, for six weeks.

Mr. Joseph W. Echols, one of the oldest business men in Dyersburg, died on the twenty-seventh instant.

The Dyersburg *Gazette* says the fiends who so brutally murdered Mr. Harkreader and his wife, near this place, last week, are still at large and unknown.

An attempt was made to rob a Mr. Carroll, near Newbern, in Dyer county, one night just after supper, by a man with a double barrel shot gun. Mr. Cunningham, while riding along the road in the vicinity of Chestnut Bluff, was painfully wounded in the face by a mysterious gun shot. No arrests.

The Jonesboro *Flag* of the 23d says: "It is generally feared that the corn crop will be almost an entire failure in this part of the country, owing to the excessive drought, which is most unusual a season. We have never seen a more promising growth than the corn growing sections of the country now present. Those places where no yield is expected never produced any considerable amount in the most abundant years."

Wm. Brooks is held at Detroit, says the *Press and Times*, awaiting a requisition from the Governor of Tennessee. Brooks is charged with the murder of a negro named Foston Hooper, of Fentress county, on the 15th of May, 1866. Brooks fled from the country as soon as he had committed the deed, which was done for money, the victim having, it is said, been robbed of $1,000.

The Nashville *Union and Dispatch* says a fiend by the name of Poston was killed in Overton county on the 5th instant. A young man named Reed was his rival in courting a young lady, who it was alleged was engaged to both. On Sunday afternoon, the 4th instant, she was married to Reed. Next day Poston went to the house, and from his movements it was believed he intended to kill Reed. Reed's wife went out to him at the gate and endeavored to induce him to go away. Other members of the family did the same; but all to no effect. At length Reed came out and several fires were exchanged, in which Poston was killed.

A SINGULAR CRIMINAL COMPLICATION AT NASHVILLE.

Three Men Convicted of Murder Alleged to be Innocent.

Our readers will recollect that on the second trial of the men in Nashville, last week, for the murder of Byrom, the tollgate murderer, one was sent to the penitentiary for twenty years, and one for fifteen years; another, named Lyman, we do not know for how long a time. During the trial a man named Nelson made oath that another, named Oliver, was the real murderer. Monday the examination of Oliver was about to proceed, when Nelson, the witness, was arrested on a charge of mule stealing and hurried off to jail without being permitted to give his testimony. The Banner reporter visited Nelson in jail on Monday night, and received from him the following extraordinary statement: He said that Oliver, High Curtis and himself, started out on the Chicken pike, on the night of the Byrom murder; that they crossed over to the Lebanon pike, where Curtis got his arm shot—how or by whom Nelson did not explain. The three afterward proceeded to Byrom's gate. Oliver went in to pay the toll, Nelson following behind. While in the room, Oliver got into a difficulty with Byrom and shot him. Curtis had, in the meanwhile, remained at the gate. When the row was at its height, Nelson and Oliver called to Curtis, who was, Nelson states, prevented from entering by a woman. They all three left Byrom's house together, but soon after separated. Nelson escaped one way, while Oliver and Curtis went to Oliver's father's house, somewhere in Wilson county. Curtis stayed there a week or two, until he had recovered from his wound.

A letter has also been received from one G. W. Brown, dated Clifton, Rogers Diggings, August 28, 1867, in which he says: "I have just read an extract from your paper, copied in the *Missouri Republican*, concerning the Byrom murder, by which I learn that a policeman had made an affidavit that Lyman, Green and Dilson were not the murderers of Byrom. That affidavit is true so far as Lyman is concerned. As he was stopping at my house, in this city, on the night of the 24th, and made an affidavit to that effect more than a year ago, and since that time had deposition taken, since which time I had learned nothing of the case until I read it to-night, as given from your paper. Had I supposed that he would be convicted, I would have willingly come to Nashville and rendered testimony."

FLAPDOODLE.

Polish General Cooper's Order.

HEADQ'RS TENN. STATE GUARDS, NASHVILLE, August 16, 1867.

(CIRCULAR.)

The General commanding had hoped that the citizens of Tennessee would so demean themselves that the State troops would no longer be necessary for the protection of loyal citizens, and accordingly had ordered the muster out of the greater portion of the forces.

But reliable information having reached these headquarters that the disloyal citizens, or outlaws backed up by the aforesaid disloyal citizens, at or near Franklin, Hartsville, Gallatin, Jackson, and many other portions of Middle and West Tennessee, have been threatening, and in many instances have used violence to drive loyal and law abiding citizens from their homes; forbearance in such cases is no longer a virtue, and there will be no more State troops disbanded; but instead they will be stationed in the rebellious localities until the disloyal citizens or outlaws are dealt with for their rebellious and seditious conduct, and the parties who have been threatened or driven away are advised to at once enter suit before some civil tribunal for the wrongs and grievances done them by these rebels, officers or disloyal citizens, and the commanding officer of Tennessee State Guards will say or all of those places will aid and assist, with all the forces under their command if necessary, the civil authorities in arresting and bringing to trial all such offenders, and will guarantee that they may be committed to jail, that they may not be turned out or allowed to escape through the negligence of jailors.

The Tennessee State Guards will only be kept so long as disloyal citizens or rebel outlaws make it necessary for the protection of all loyal citizens.

It was the intention of the General commanding to dispense with most of the State Guards, so as to reduce the expenses of the State, but so long as it may be necessary, the troops will be kept, and disloyal taxpayers will help to bear the burthen.

By command of Major A. Cooper, Brigadier General Commanding.

L. B. GAMBLE, Lieutenant and A. D. C.

GOOD FOR THE INDEPENDENCE OF THE SOUTHERN WOMEN.

An Insolent Negro Head Waiter at the White Sulphur Springs.

An incident occurred recently at the Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs, Virginia, that illustrates the independent spirit of the Southern women. The head steward belonging to the immense hotel of the Springs dressed himself from top to toe, and presented himself in the ball room to dance with the numerous guests there assembled. The proprietor immediately ordered him out, and demanded what such conduct meant. The negro replied it meant *equality*, and if he was not received into the ball room he and every other servant in the establishment would leave. The lady visitors heard the circumstance, called on the proprietor and told him to dismiss every servant in the house promptly and they would serve in their places until he could procure others. He did so, and the ladies from every part of the South sojourning at this justly popular watering place went into the kitchen, chambers, laundry, dining room, etc., and filled with perfect satisfaction every position until the proprietor went to Charlottsville and procured other servants. These are unexhibitated facts.

ARKANSAS ITEMS.

It is reported that the blacks have a majority of about 500 in Lafayette county, Arkansas.

Fort Lyon, on the Arkansas river, is about to be rebuilt at a cost of $700,000, and will be one of the finest forts in the West.

From the Des Arc *Citizen* of the 10th, we learn that steps are being taken to re-organize the agricultural society of Prairie county and hold a fair this ensuing fall.

The Fort Smith *Herald* of the 17th says: It is reported that the army worm is doing considerable damage to the cotton crops in many places on the north side of the river, especially in Crawford county.

The Monticello *Guardian* of the 17th says, in speaking of registration: "At one precinct we learn that the blacks, although present in numbers, and fully instructed in their duty in the premises, refused to register, nor could they be prevailed upon to do so."

The *State Gazette* learns that the office of Superintendent of Public Instruction for the State has been declared vacant. Hon. F. R. Earle was elected to the office by the last Legislature after the passage of the reconstruction act, and as General Ord has not approved of the election, he holds that it is invalid.

It is reported to us, says the Batesville *Times*, that two men have recently been in Lawrence county purchasing horses, and paying for them in counterfeit greenbacks. The bills they paid were of the denominations of one hundreds, twenties and tens. They stated their names to be John Thrasher and William Williams. The first is described as a heavy set, dark complexioned man, and the latter is a tall man, of dark complexion.

The Jacksonport *Herald* says a party of soldiers from Batesville passed through this place last Thursday, on their way to Grand Glaze, to arrest Mr. Green Garland, for tearing up a United States flag of his brother's, but appropriated by the Board of Registers of this county to designate their office. They returned with Mr. Garland on Friday, and proceeded on to Batesville with their prisoner.

The Fort Smith *Era* says: We understand that a Government contract for ten thousand bushels of corn for Forts Gibson and Arbuckle, was let last week at one dollar and eighty-six cents per bushel. Captain Evans, sutler at Fort Gibson, is the contractor. He started for St. Louis to get the corn. With much of the immense crop of this region nearly ripe it would seem the Government could have done better than to send East for corn, and compel people hereabouts, argued to buy their corn for about half a dollar a bushel in less than two weeks.

LOCAL NEWS.

A VERY IMPORTANT DOCUMENT.

The City Cannot Issue Money.

Mayor Loflend took advantage of his recent visit to Washington to ascertain definitely whether, under the revenue law, the city of Memphis can issue note without being required to pay a tax of ten per cent. every time the notes are paid over a banker's counter.

The response of Acting Commissioner Harland to the Mayor's inquiries is given below, and shows that Memphis cannot issue the notes, and thus obtain a great relief from her embarrassments. She must seek relief in other manners and by increased energy.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE, WASHINGTON, August 21, 1867.

SIR: In your letter of this date, you inquire if the construction recently given by the Attorney General to the act of March 28, 1867, entitled "An Act to exempt wrapping papers, etc., from internal tax, and for other purposes," has caused the certificates issued by the State of Alabama, does not apply to the city of Memphis.

I reply that it does not. The act to which you refer is as follows:

And be it further enacted, That every National Banking Association, State bank or banker or association, shall pay a tax of one per centum on the amount of its notes of any town, city or municipal corporation, paid out by them after the first day of May, Anno Domini, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, to be collected in the mode and manner in which the tax on the one per cent on State Banks is collected."

The Attorney General, in examining the Alabama case, treats the question as one of constitution simply. He first assigns his reasons for believing that the Alabama certificates do not fall within either of the acts previous to that of March 28, 1867, and then gives it as his opinion that they do not fall within the last named act, because the notes of a State are not specially mentioned therein. In discussing the question he uses the following language:

"I find myself fortified in the conclusion to which I have arrived, that a State is not included in these terms of description, by a subsequent act of Congress. I refer to the act passed March 26, 1867, entitled 'An Act to exempt wrapping papers, etc., from internal tax, and for other purposes.' This is the act to which I adverted in the preceding part of my opinion. It clearly enough appears by that act that Congress was of the opinion that neither the sixth section of the act of 1865, nor the ninth section of the act of 1866, and the declaratory clause in the forty-fourth section of the act of 1866, includes such a State, Territory as a town, city or other municipal corporation, and therefore specially provided for the exemption of notes issued when paid out after the first of May, 1867. Now if these provisions of the sixth, ninth and forty-fourth sections were already subject to the tax (assuming the supposed, and which had strongly occurred, was in fact necessary to tax them) by this section and to make them taxable only on future issues? *We must therefore conclude that as to such a public corporation as a city, Congress has found it necessary to tax its circulating notes by a special enactment.* But if a city was not included in the prior legislation, how can it be said that a State was included? And again: When Congress by this act of July 28, 1866, exempted the bills issued by a city, why did they not mention a state also, if it was their purpose to tax the circulating notes issued by a state?

The reasoning of the Attorney General clearly indorses and supports the ruling of this office, that all national banking associations, State banks, bankers and associations, are liable to a tax of ten per centum upon the amount of their notes of the city of Memphis paid out by them after the first day of May, 1867.

Very respectfully,
THOMAS HARLAND,
Acting Commissioner.

Hon. W. O. LOFLAND, Mayor of Memphis, Tennessee. Washington, D. C.

BANKS.

MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK OF MEMPHIS,
No. 8 Jefferson Street.

Paid in Capital - - - - - $300,000
Authorized Capital - - - $1,000,000

W. H. CHERRY, President. A. T. LACEY, Vice-President.
J. J. FREEMAN, Cashier.

PEOPLE'S BANK OF TENNESSEE
MEMPHIS.
No. 12 Madison Street.

D. A. SHEPHERD, Cashier. F. W. SMITH, President.

THE DESOTO BANK
OF MEMPHIS,
No. 20 Madison Street.

JAMES ELDER, President. W. H. WOOD, Vice President.
T. R. FARNSWORTH, Cashier.

ARROW COTTON TIES.
ORGILL BROS. & CO., Sole Agents in Memphis

GULLETT'S STEEL BRUSH COTTON GINS—Price $6 00 per Saw, invariably cash.
ORGILL BROS. & CO., Sole Agents in Memphis.

MARVIN & CO.'S GREATLY CELEBRATED FIRE & BURGLAR PROOF SAFES, for Business Houses and Bankers; also, PARLOR or PLATE SAFES, at manufacturers' prices.
ORGILL BROS. & CO., Sole Agents in Memphis.

1800 BOXES FRENCH WINDOW GLASS—Imported direct and for sale by
ORGILL BROS. & CO.

AGENTS FOR PRATT'S COTTON GINS

WORMELEY, JOY & CO.

HAVE now on hand, and will continue to keep, a large supply of the celebrated
PRATT COTTON GINS,
numbering from Forty-five to Eighty Saws, which they will fill on the most liberal term

NEW CROP TURNIP SEED.

Just received by express direct from Landreth,

AT CRAIG'S SEED STORE,
379 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.

ROSENDALE AND LOUISVILLE CEMENT,
NEW YORK, SANDUSKY AND LAND PLASTER.
For sale at
R. G. CRAIG & CO.'S SEED STORE,
379 Main street, in the Jackson Block.

Important to Shippers & Consignees

DIAMOND LINE.

FAST FREIGHT AND COTTON EXPRESS.

THE attention of Shippers and Consignees is solicited to the superior inducements offered by this line for speedy and cheap transportation of Freight between Boston, New York, and points East to Memphis and the Southwest. Freight shipped from New York to Memphis

With but One Transfer,

Connecting at St. Louis with a Daily Line of First Class Packets for Memphis.

As a Cotton Express this line is unrivalled, making as quick time and giving as low rates as any other route or line. For Through Rates and Bills Lading apply to
FLEM. CALVERT, Agent,
5 Jefferson street.

N. B.—The Diamond Line assumes all risks on Freight in transit usually covered by the underwriters, thus making this line all rail as far as insurance is concerned.

For Rent.

A NEW THREE STORY BRICK BUSINESS BUILDING, with two fire Safes, on Howard's Row, twenty-four and two-third feet front by one hundred in depth.

A NEW FRAMED RESIDENT BUILDING, with all the modern improvements; on Vance street, within one hundred and fifty yards of Street Railroad.

W. L. DUFF,
No. 19 West Court street.

J. W. DICKINSON, Formerly Reid & Dickinson. DR. R. F. DICKINSON, Late Surgeon C. S. A.
J. W. DICKINSON & BRO.,
Cotton Factors, General Commission AND PRODUCE MERCHANTS,
No. 210 Front Street, Memphis, Tennessee.
Liberal Advances made on Consignments. Orders for Cotton Bagging and Rope promptly executed.
We have a warehouse of our own in which we will handle all Cotton consigned to us, and WE GUARANTEE THERE SHALL BE NO FIRE NOR LOSS IN OUR HOUSE. ALL THINGS WE HANDLE TO BE SUBJECT TO HARROWERS. Bagging and Rope furnished our customers.
Cash transactions charged. All consignments by river insured, unless otherwise instructed.

North Carolina Herrings.

HAVING the agency for several of the largest fisheries in North Carolina, we are prepared to furnish any quantity of NORTH CAROLINA HERRINGS, either Gross, Cut or Family Roe, at lowest prices.
Having recently shipped a large quantity of North Carolina Fish to West Tennessee and Alabama, we take this means of notifying the merchants that their orders will be filled by us at the lowest prices.

ROWLETT & TANNER, Commission Merchants, Petersburg, Va.

RAILROADS.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad

TRAINS leave daily, as follows (city time): Through Express 6:45 a.m.; Through Mail, 6:10 p.m.; Somerville accommodation, daily, except Sunday, at 3:30 p.m. Trains arrive as follows: Through Express, 10:35 p.m.; Through Mail, 1:40 p.m.; Somerville accommodation, except Sunday, 7:45 a.m.

Express connects at Grand Junction with afternoon train on the Mississippi Central Railroad for Holly Springs, Water Valley, Grenada, Jackson, Vicksburg, Miss., New Orleans, Lauria. At Corinth, for Okolona, Columbus, Miss., Mobile, Ala., etc.

At Decatur for Columbia, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati.

At Chattanooga, for all points in Eastern Alabama, Georgia, North and South Carolina, Virginia, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, etc.

Through Mail connects at Grand Junction with Trains for Bolivar, and Jackson, Tenn.

At Decatur, for Athens, Ala., Pulaski, Columbia, Nashville, etc.

At Chattanooga, trains connect for same points as by express. Baggage checked through.

For tickets and further information, apply at the office, corner Main and Second Court square.

W. J. HOSS, General Superintendent.
A. L. HARNER, General Ticket Agent.
S. H. HAUCK, Passenger Agent.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

MEMPHIS AND OHIO RAILROAD,
GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
MEMPHIS, TENN., July 7, 1867.

TRAINS will leave the Depot of this Company, at foot of A Main street, until further notice, as follows:

Louisville and Nashville Express

Leaves every day at 4 p.m., making close connection at Louisville with fast Express trains on Jeffersonville railroad for all Eastern cities, and with United States Mail Steamers for Cincinnati and all cities North and East, and to the

Shortest and Quickest Route to Nashville.

NIGHT EXPRESS—Every night except Saturday, night at 11 p.m., making close connection with Nashville and Ohio railroad at Humboldt, and with Illinois Central railroad at Cairo, Chicago, St. Paul, and all points North, West and Northeast and at Louisville with Jeffersonville railroad for all Northern and Eastern cities.

CARS GO THROUGH WITHOUT CHANGE.

Magnificent Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through to all important places. Persons holding tickets can stop over at any point and resume their journey at pleasure.

☞ Through Tickets and all information can be obtained at Ticket Office, 237 Main street, and at Depot.

SAM R. JONES, General Superintendent.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm name of CONAWAY, JONES & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of said firm is being conducted by Mr. Tate, who can be found, with the books, at Meacham & Treadwell's, No. 4 Union street. Either party, however, is authorized to collect debts due the late firm, give receipts, etc.

J. D. CONAWAY,
J. C. JONES,
T. O. TATE.

August 14, 1867.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

THE firm of WRIGHT, WILCOX & WRIGHT was dissolved March 8th, by N. R. Wright withdrawing. The business will be continued at the old stand (No. 3 Promenade, Elliott block), by W. P. Wright and A. N. Wilcox, under the name and style of WRIGHT & WILCOX, who alone are authorized to settle the business of the old firm.

W. P. WRIGHT,
A. N. WILCOX,
N. R. WRIGHT.

Withdrawal.

HAVING withdrawn my interest in the house of MOORE, WHITFIELD & RAYNER to Virgil V. Moore and Edwin Whitfield, on the 30th day of July, (they assuming all liabilities,) and feeling thankful for the liberal patronage bestowed on the house, I would request a continuance of the same to my former partners.

JEAN RAYNER.

August 3, 1867.

Referring to the above card, the undersigned will continue the Cotton Factorage and Commission Business as heretofore under the style of MOORE, WHITFIELD & CO.

VIRGIL V. MOORE,
EDWIN WHITFIELD.

Dissolution.

THE firm of LEFEVRE & CASH is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by C. H. Cash, who will continue to transact same to protect the business.

C. H. CASH,
J. H. CASH.

MEMPHIS, August 8, 1867.

In withdrawing from the firm of Lefevre & Cash, I bespeak for Mr. Cash a continuance of the patronage of my friends, with the assurance that he can give the business every efficient attention.

JOHN W. LEFEVRE.

HOTELS.

ST. JAMES HOTEL,
NEW ORLEANS, LA.

W. A. HURD, of New Orleans,
W. F. CORKERY of Spottswood Hotel, Richmond, Va.
PROPRIETORS.

FRIENDS AND STRANGERS ARE INVITED TO
PATRONIZE THIS ESTABLISHMENT
ALL facilities offered by other houses can be found in it. A Free Omnibus.
Telegraphic Communication
Can be held with any section of the country from the Hotel office.

Boarding.

AN elegant Suit of Rooms and several Single Rooms, with board; also a few Day Boarders. Terms moderate. Apply at No. 61 Exchange, or in Union street.

GREAT REDUCTION IN LIVING

Board $20 per Month

ALL GENTLEMEN fond of good meals can have them furnished in first class style by

Mess. WM. FILBERT, CRYSTAL PALACE.

At the above rate. PROMPT ATTENTION. NICE MEALS. LOW PRICES.
Don't fail to get the CRYSTAL PALACE, just in rear of Newmer's, Main street, JOE OISHEI'S CRYSTAL PALACE.

GROVER & BAKER'S

CELEBRATED

ELASTIC STITCH & LOCK STITCH

SEWING MACHINES

Why the Grover & Baker Machine is Best.

1. It is more simple, durable, and less liable to derangements than others.
2. It sews from ordinary spools, and no rewinding of thread is necessary.
3. It sews with equal facility all fabrics, the most delicate and heaviest, and with all kinds of thread alike, cotton or linen.
4. Its seam, though cut at every stitch inch, remains firm, and neither runs nor ravels in wear.
5. Its seam is more prompt and beautiful, and retains its plumpness and beauty after washing better than any other.
6. Its seam can be regulated in altering garments, after proper instruction, without picking or cutting them.
7. Its seam is more economical, requiring from one-fourth to one-third less thread than other machines.
8. Its range of stitching is unnecessary in this. The tension easy to obtain and adjust on the Grover & Baker machine, any amount of sewing may be done without change.
9. It makes beautiful embroidery work, by any change of arrangement, simply by inserting threads of suitable size and quality for the purpose. It is the only machine that is in embroidery and sews perfectly.

☞ Call and see Circulars.

GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE CO.
No. 290 Main street, Memphis.

Architect and Engineer.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to devote his whole attention to designing Plans and superintending Buildings with as much energy as attention to his patrons himself as he did in the city whenever within city confines.

OFFICE—Sullivan Block, on our Second and Madison sts.

☞ Charges reasonable.

JOS. McCLURE, Architect and Engineer.

COMMISSION.

J. C. PAYNE, G. W. HUNTINGTON. R. M. PAYNE, W. H. DARRON

PAYNE, HUNTINGTON & CO.,
Cotton Factors
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 52 Union Street, New Orleans.
Represented by General C. M. WILCOX.

H. S. LAWRENCE, Memphis. C. S. CARTER, Late with Halliday Bro., Cairo.

LAWRENCE & CARTER,
General Commission & Forwarding
MERCHANTS,
329 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

J. T. PETTIT & CO.,
Cotton Factors
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
15 Union Street, Up Stairs.
MEMPHIS, TENN.

WRIGHT & WILCOX,
No. 3 Promenade Street, Elliott Block,
HAVE on consignment, and will sell low for cash,
ALL GRADES FLOUR,
BEST BRANDS KILN DRIED MEAL,
CHOICE NEW TIMOTHY HAY,
CORN, OATS, BRAN, etc.

S. M. Block, Memphis, Tenn. O. G. Cameron, Late Maysville, Ky. Jas. White, Late Maysville, Ky.
Black, Cameron & Co.,
PRODUCE AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
Charleston Avenue, Near M. & C. R. R. Depot, Memphis, Tenn.
CONSIGNMENTS solicited. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to our care, and orders for provender and plantation supplies filled on shortest notice and at lowest rates. All orders left at 322 Front street will be promptly attended to.

JAMES D. RUFFIN, Desoto county, Miss. T. C. PINNEY, Memphis.
RUFFIN, PINNEY & CO.,
(Successors to Normont, Ruffin & Pinney.)
Cotton Factors
AND
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 15 Union Street,
(Up stairs in Lee Block—Rooms Nos. 11 and 12).
MEMPHIS, TENN.
PARTICULAR attention paid to the sale and storage of Cotton and other Produce consigned to us. Orders from the country will be promptly attended to.

J. H. CASH,
Cotton and Produce
FACTOR,
Commission & Forwarding Merchant
No. 226 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

H. FITZGERALD, Gallatin. C. C. HILL, Memphis. JOHN T. JEFFERSON, Memphis.
H. FITZGERALD & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF
Cotton Yarns, Sheeting and Osnaburgs, Dupont's Gunpowder and Printing Paper,
4 Front Street. MEMPHIS

STERLING FOWLKES, THOMAS F. ADAMS, WM. A. STEFFEY.
FOWLKES & STEFFEY,
(Successors to Fowlkes & Co.)
Cotton Factors
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
193 Second and 43 Washington Sts.,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
AGENTS for the sale of the PREMIUM COTTON GINS made by W. G. Clemons Brown & Co., Columbus, Ga. Also, agents for the GREEN RIVER WOOLEN MILLS Henderson, Ky. Have on hand, for sale by piece or case, a fine assortment of Kentucky Jeans.

RICHARD HANKS, J. M. KIRTLEY. W. J. PORTER. WM. M. HANKS.
HANKS, PORTER & CO.,
(BAYLOR R. STEWART, Traveling Agent.)
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
No. 45 VINE STREET.
CINCINNATI, O.

JOHN D. HINDE. THOMAS PORTER, JR.
HINDE & PORTER,
Cotton Factors
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN BOURBON AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS, ALCOHOL and COLOGNE SPIRITS.
47 West Second St., Cincinnati, Ohio.
Liberal Advances made on Consignments. Prompt attention given to receiving and for

WANTS.

WANTED.—one hundred m s to lay gas pipe, good wages given; any man to work on the street, good wages given to a foreman and six laborers, to work in a shoe office; good tree-trimmers, a few men to mow grass; four carpenters that have a knowledge of wheelwright work; twenty good female cooks, washers and ironers. Any family wishing a well man, or a good healthy woman, inquire at the General Intelligence Office, No 2 Adams street. WILLIAM DARDIS.

WANTED—An experienced HOUSEKEEPER. None need apply without good references. D. SNYDER, Commercial Hotel.

WANTED—By a Lady, a situation as Teacher, either in a family or private school. Address M., Avalanche office.

AGENTS WANTED—Ten to twenty dollars a day, to introduce our new patent STAR SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. Price $25. It uses two threads, and makes the genuine Lock Stitch. All other low priced machines make the chain stitch. Each Agent furnished with a copy of Letters Patent. Exclusive territory given. Send for circulars.
M. E. BEACH & CO.,
294 Second street, Memphis, Tenn.

SITUATION WANTED—A Lady or Gentleman desires situation either in a public school or a private family as TEACHER. She can be commanded either in the city or country. The most satisfactory references can be given. Apply at the Avalanche office.

WANTED—A widow lady wishes boarding in a private family, where there are no other boarders. Address J. A. S., Post office.

WANTED—THE PATENT AURORA OIL.—WE WANT men everywhere to study their own interest. The right to manufacture and sell the Patent Aurora Oil in a single county will make more money to the purchaser in three months than the largest farm in your State will make in a whole year. The Aurora Oil actually costs less than one half the price of coal oil, and the illuminating power of the Aurora Oil is as much superior to the coal oil as the coal oil is to a tallow candle, and is no more explosive than a tallow candle. Any lamp that will burn coal oil will burn the Aurora Oil. It does not smoke the chimney—it does not smell—it will not freeze or stain the finest linen—but gives white cloth. The material for its manufacture is inexhaustible. One man can make seventy-five barrels per day. No machinery required. We will pay your fare to and from the city of Memphis and both while here, if we cannot prove all, and even more, than what we have stated. A single county is a small fortune to the man of enterprise, and the right to a State is untold wealth.
Call on or address
H. G. DEWITT & CO.,
25 Madison street, corner of Main,
Memphis, Tenn.,
or State or County Rights.

WANTED—A situation wanted by a young man of thorough business qualifications, either as a Wholesale grocery house, receiving and shipping, or as cotton clerk. Is well acquainted with the business men of the city. Can influence a good trade. Will work for a moderate salary. A permanent situation desired. None but first class business men need apply. The best city references will be given. Address "L. M." Avalanche office.

WANTED—Agents to sell the CRESCENT SEWING MACHINE. Price $25. Sewing Machine dealers will find it greatly to their interest to work for our terms. Address HARDY & INGRAM, 294 Second street, Memphis.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—Second and third floors of No. 20 Main street, Size, 100x100 feet. Apply to ROBESON, MITCHELL & CO.

FOR RENT—Two nice RESIDENCES on the west side of Lauderdale street, between Beale and Linden; in good order. One brick, with eight rooms, outhouses, etc; one frame, with six rooms, outhouse, etc. Large yard to each. Apply No 0. A. STOVALL, or J. D. WILLIAMS, 327 Main street.

FOR RENT—The large and commodious house on the corner of the alley between Main and Second streets, on Adams, known as HOTEL GARNI. Apply to GEORGE D. CROCKETT, Agent, No. 29 Front street

Le iger copy.

FOR RENT—The back ROOM on fourth floor of AVALANCHE Building. Apply at AVALANCHE counting room.

BOARDING.

BOARDING —Several gentlemen can obtain Day Board by early application at No. 119 Court street.

BOARDING—Families or single gentlemen can be accommodated with board and lodging in a desirable location well furnished or unfurnished rooms; also, day boarders can be accommodated, at No. 394 Second street, between Gayoso and Jeffe.

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

FOR SALE.—One twelve horse power STATIONARY ENGINE and boiler—nearly new.
LUNN & MALLON,
No. 204 Main street.

REWARDS.

$10 REWARD.—Will be paid for the recovery of a black and tan TERRIER DOG, strayed or stolen from my premises, No. 81 Adams street, last friday evening. He has long tail and ears, and answers to the name of "Tip."
W. S. PICKETT.

$10 REWARD—STOLEN—One DARK BROWN HORSE branded with a diamond on toe left shoulder, and about ten years old. Stolen on the night of the 19th of July, 1867. JACOB GLENN,
Thirteenth Civil District, Shelby county, Tenn.

STRAYED—$30 REWARD.—On the 24 day of July, from the Fair Grounds, on the old Raleigh road, a large MARE COW, castrated, hollow back, one hind leg white; carries a very gay head. I will give the above reward for the return of the cow to me. MICHAEL CUNNINGHAM,
Memphis and Ohio Depot.

$10 REWARD—STRAYED—One large SORREL MULE 10 with short tail, halter turned on left fore foot, saw cut on the left side of his back, eye sunk deep in his head. The above reward will be paid if the above described mule is left at Forrest's Stable, on Adams street. FRED A. MYERS.

SPECIAL NOTICES, ETC.

NOTICE.—I shall apply to the County Court at the September term, 1867, for Letters of Administration on the estate of Mary Irland, deceased. DENIS NELIGAN.
M. COMBS, JR., Attorney.

NOTICE—I will apply at the September term of the County Court for letters of administration upon the estate of Dr. C. H. Stanley, deceased. J. B. FARNHAM.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.—I will, on the first Monday in September, 1867, apply to the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, for letters of administration on the estate of Joseph Prospert, of the firm of Laroux & Prospert.
August 15, 1867. ANGLO LAROUX.

NOTICE—I shall apply to the County Court at the September term, 1867, for LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION on the estate of Isaia Y Johnson, deceased.
McCombs, Jr. Attorney. JAMES JOHNSON.

NOTICE—Cholera never visits the pine clad hills of Inka. Why don't the people of Memphis fill that beautiful hotel, where superb music and dancing are enjoyed every night! Excellent food at low rates—for sooth.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the firm of HICKS & SMITH was dissolved February 18, A. D., 1867, and that the undersigned has a deed of trust on the stable, stock and fixtures, to secure the sum of $1,200; and the public are warned against trading for said stock, etc., as the same is now in litigation. K. K. SMITH.

MOTH AND FRECKLES—The only reliable remedy for those brown discolorations on the face called Moth Patches and Freckles, is PERRY'S MOTH AND FRECKLE LOTION. Prepared only by Dr. B. C. PERRY, Dermatologist, 49 Bond street, London. Sold by all druggists in Memphis and elsewhere. Price $1 per bottle.

THURSDAY, : : : : : : AUGUST 29, 1867

THROUGH many friends in the city and country, we learn that reports are being industriously circulated, evidently designed for the injury of the AVALANCHE. One of them is to the effect that since the Radicals carried the recent State elections, our paper is to be stopped and consolidated with the *Appeal*, and another that we are about to suspend publication on account of hard times. Both of these are without foundation, we are happy to inform the lying, infamous authors of them, and originated entirely in the hopes of our enemies who wish us this misfortune. We are perfectly confident that the gentlemanly editors and proprietors of the *Appeal* have had no connection with this villainous scheme to stab our prosperity; such a thing is impossible with them. That the present summer has been unprecedentedly dull in general business, and that money has been tighter than known for years, our banks and first class mercantile firms can and do unreservedly testify; that not a single newspaper in this city has made a dollar, by its advertising or circulation, during the same period of general depression, we presume, will not be gainsaid by any of them. We, of course, have been effected, to the extent of some inconvenience, at times, by the common cause of which every one has complained; but that the success of the BROWNLOW party or the dullness of the times has led us even to contemplate the suspension of the AVALANCHE, is as absurd as the report was basely intended. It was concocted in the foul mind of some mendacious foe, who hating us and being too cowardly and unmanly to proclaim it with open responsibility, sought this assassin-like plan to aim us the blow his hand dared not strike. Our friends and subscribers, of which latter we have a larger number than any morning paper in the city, to say nothing of the former, may rest assured that the AVALANCHE will be daily left at their doors, containing, as heretofore, the honest views of its editors in regard to all political measures and men, and that there is about as little danger of our suspending or failing as any other journal either in Memphis, or in the southwest.

We have "many a time and oft" in these columns, invoked the employment of capital, by combined effort, in manufactures. It has been a labor of love with us to contend that we have the advantage of our Eastern *friends* in the manufacture of cotton goods, and the distribution of the products of the loom through our own section. When we reflected that the cost of transportation, manipulation and commissions would be saved, we came to the conclusion that the advantage was on our side, and a broad margin to spare, because we should reap the advantage of protective tariffs, as well as those for whose special benefit the tax on labor was provided. While we are beginning to raise our own cereals, and are asserting our independence by doing the same thing as regards "hog and hominy," we can begin to perceive the clouds lifting, and feel the inspiration which determined industry prognosticates. The fact that factories are being built, and those already completed are operated with success and even greater promise, fills us with hope for the future. In the last number of the Vicksburg *Telegraph* we find the following cheering paragraph:

The Wesson cotton factory, in Copiah county, Mississippi, on the New Orleans and Jackson railroad, employs one hundred workmen, and consumes one hundred and sixty bales of cotton monthly. The cotton yarns made at this factory are said to be of a superior quality.

We wish to see these "institutions" multiplied. Rival New England in her industry and energy in the establishment of manufactories, and therewith furnish a home market, and divide the tariff profits; rival the great Northwest in the production of those "creature comforts" that have drawn off millions of money to procure mere subsistence, and a change will come over the spirit of their dream. Although our Government may never return to its former equitable and desirable arrangement, tariffs, not being merely for sectional benefit, will not be insisted on, and the weight of taxation will be felt by those who have lost the market for their surplus products. Eyes that have been blinded by the radiance of unwonted prosperity, will open with amazement when the truth flashes upon them, and they learn that they loaned themselves to a great mistake. If the South failed with bayonets and cannon to achieve its independence, it has the surer way to accomplish all that was ever sought, in the exercise of the constitutional right to build manufactories and raise, on farm and plantation, all the produce required to sustain the population, without subjecting themselves to the fluctuations of Northern markets, and wasting their means in the multifarious expenses of traffic.

SEVERAL days ago, we urged upon the planters who transact their business with Memphis, to send in the very first bale of cotton, they can get ready, to their merchant. We again impress it upon them to do so. A reciprocity of interest is involved in such a course. For illustration, we will say that one thousand of the planters of cotton who make their market here, and depend upon this point as the store house from which they draw the supplies necessary to the cultivation of their lands. Let these one thousand, then, send in, at the earliest moment possible, the first bale of their new crop. This will open the trade, bring in money, make times easier by securing to themselves accommodations which they cannot get in the absence of cotton, and dispel the feverish doubt regarding the crop and its flow towards our mart. This action, besides, will be an earnest on the part of the planter to his merchant that he means to do business here, and will enable the merchant to make the necessary arrangements to relieve the stringency which bears so hard upon every branch of labor and enterprise. ARCHIMEDES, the great mathematician of Sicily, when he discovered the power of the lever and fulcrum, said that he could move the world from its orbit, if some one would show him a place, disconnected from the earth, upon which he could stand. No one could do this. Our Memphis merchants, though, *can* relieve the pecuniary pressure upon all our surrounding region of country, if the planter will give them that foot-hold which lies in their power to do, and accomplish greater things than the philosopher chimerically proposed. One bale of cotton from each producer, who transacts his business here, sent to this market as soon as it can be prepared, will do the work so much needed. Think of this, planters, and lend every energy for its accomplishment. It is the only plain, practicable way by which you can relieve the pressure so severely bearing upon you. These one thousand bales of well cleaned cotton, averaging four hundred pounds, and classed even as strict middling, will command not less than thirty cents per pound, the aggregated value of which will put in immediate circulation one hundred and twenty thousand dollars—certainly a considerable amount of money in a channel where not one cent is now to be seen moving.

OUR readers will no doubt be startled by the dispatch in our noon telegrams of yesterday, published on the fourth page of the AVALANCHE of to-day to the effect that the difficulty between General GRANT and the President has become irreconcilable, and that the former is in open rebellion against the right of the President to remove General SHERIDAN, or to do anything in the five military districts, the supreme power in those districts being vested by the acts of Congress in him. We would recommend our readers to await further developments before allowing themselves to be excited on this point. The dispatch, it will be seen, begins: "It is believed, etc.," and ends, "the above statement is believed to be reliable, as it is derived from a usually well informed source." the almost certain indications of a newsmonger's *canard*. Our last night's telegrams do not confirm any such sensation. General GRANT has executed the order with reference to General SICKLES, and upon grounds of military expediency, is reported to have still further objected to the exchange ordered between SHERIDAN and HANCOCK.

Interesting reading matter will be found on every page of this morning's issue. This makes the paper the more advantageous to advertisers. There are no dead advertisements in the AVALANCHE.

The receipts of grain at Chicago, Monday, by railroad and canal, amount to 646,833 bushels, the heaviest receipts in one day thus far this year.

Colonel Alexander Sympson, late assistant Quartermaster, Army of the Cumberland, did at Carthage, Illinois, August 16, of cholera morbus.

General Schofield has decided that the poor laws of Virginia shall be enforced and made applicable to the pauper blacks, whom the Freedmen's Bureau no longer supports.

A man by the name of W. H. Funk was so badly maltreated at a prayer meeting, five miles south-east of Warsaw, Indiana, Sunday evening, that he died of the injuries he received. Some eight or ten persons were engaged in the affray. It is said to have been caused by an old grudge.

The pastoral letter of Bishop Chas. Todd Quintard, written before his recent departure for Europe, will be found on our fourth page.

Jon. Anderson, recently from Mississippi, was found dead Monday evening, at the St. Nicholas Hotel, St. Louis, He was about thirty-five years old. Appearances indicate that he had taken an overdose of chloroform.

The President has made a direct issue with Grant. He permits Hancock to annul or repeal such acts of Sheridan as he may see fit, without reference to General Grant's recent order,

The Convention of Union soldiers and officers of Kentucky, met at the Courthouse in Louisville, on Monday, General G. W. Price in the chair. One hundred and fourteen regimenis were represented. A resolution was passed and ordered to be sent to the Secretary of War, to Governor Bramlette and to Congress, solemnly protesting against regimental flags passing into the hands of the State officers elect.

Boyd & Co., Solicitors of Patents, 208 Pine street, St. Louis, Missouri, report to the AVALANCHE the following patents granted Kentucky, Louisiana and Texas inventors, for the week ending 13th August, 1867; T. E. C. Brinley, Louisville, Kentucky, plow; M. Reilley, Covington, Kentucky, trace and supporting hook; C. C. W. Muller, New Orleans, Louisiana, breech loading ordnance; L. Coleman, New Orleans, Louisiana, harrow; J. Adams, Clarksville, Texas, cotton cultivator; J. C. Walker, Waco village, mode of extracting essence.

Still More of the President's Reply to General Grant.

In our yesterday's issue we published the reply of President Johnson to General Grant, without the following concluding paragraphs, which were omitted in the copy from which we printed it. The letter as far as we published it was correct, but it should have gone on and ended as follows:

In thus exercising a power that inheres in the Executive under the Constitution as Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy, I am discharging a duty required of me by the will of the nation, as formally declared by the supreme law of the land. By his oath the Executive is solemnly bound, to the best of his ability, to preserve, protect and defend the Constitution. Although in times of great excitement it be lost to public view, it is his duty, without regard to consequences, to himself, to hold sacred and enforce all or any of its provisions.

Any other cause would lead to the destruction of the Republic, for the Constitution once abolished there would be no Congress for the exercise of legislative powers; no Executive to see that the laws are faithfully executed; no Judiciary to afford to the citizen protection for life, limb and property; usurpation would inevitably follow, and despotism be fixed on the people in violation of their combined and express will. In conclusion, I fail to perceive any military, pecuniary or patriotic reasons why this order should not be carried into effect.

You will remember that in the first instance I did not consider General Sheridan the most suitable man for the command of the Fifth Military District. Time has strengthened my convictions upon that point, and has led me to the conclusion that patriotic considerations demand that he should be superseded by an officer who, while he will faithfully execute the law, will at the same time give more general satisfaction to the whole people, white and black, North and South.

I am, very respectfully, yours,
ANDREW JOHNSON.
To General U. S. Grant, Secretary of War, *ad interim*.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

Facts and Fancies From Washington.

Rumored Cabinet Troubles Unfounded.

Registration in North Carolina and Alabama.

Fears of a Negro Insurrection in Missouri.

Sixty-Six Bales of New Cotton Received at Montgomery, Alabama.

Latest Foreign and Domestic Markets.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, August 28.

The *Intelligencer* says: "We have high authority for saying that the loose rumors circulated last evening about troubles in the Cabinet yesterday are unfounded."

It appears from North Carolina papers that registration in that State shows two blacks to one white—in some districts even in larger proportion. General Sickles has caused a circular to be addressed to the Boards of Registration, informing them that the officers of the militia, upon whom devolved the execution of patrol laws or other general laws relating to the domestic order of the State and government of slaves therein, having thereby assumed and performed civil functions, are deemed officers within the meaning of the acts of Congress, and any such officer having afterward taken part in the rebellion, or aided or abetted persons engaged in rebellion, are excluded from registration as voters.

Secretary Browning attended the Cabinet meeting yesterday, but this premature attention to business has again called him to keep his bed.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, August 28.

A special to the *Post* says General Grant has issued an order directing General Sickles to go to New York and report to the Adjutant General.

General Grant has also sent the President another written protest against Sheridan's removal, and especially urges that the public service requires General Hancock on the plains.

MONTGOMERY.

MONTGOMERY, August 28.

The registration returns in full from all the counties give a total of 160,995; whites, 72,747; blacks, 88,248.

Only ten candidates are announced in the State so far, of whom one is colored.

Sixty-six bales of new cotton have been received up to this date. The corn crop is safe and very large. The cotton crop has been greatly damaged during the last few weeks, from lack of rain and by worms.

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, August 28.

River stationery, three feet six inches in the canal. The General Allen, a new boat for the New Orleans and Red river trade, was successfully launched this evening.

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, August 28.

The *Evening Dispatch* states that quite a number of Southern men have brought their families to this city in order to escape the effect of a negro uprising, which the say is meditated in many quarters. They say the negroes are all well armed, and exhibit their weapons defiantly.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, August 28.

Consols 94¾; five twenties 73¾; Illinois Central 77¼; Erie 45¾; Atlantic and Great Western 21¾.

LIVERPOOL, August 28.

Cotton close, dull and heavy. Sales to-day 8,000 bales: middling uplands 10¾d, Orleans 10¾d.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, August 28.

Cotton dull and lower. Sales to-day, 800 bales: middling uplands 29. Flour dull, and 10@15c lower. Wheat dull and 2@3c lower. Corn 1@2c lower. Oats dull and heavy. Pork firmer and more active at $[illegible]. Lard a shade firmer; old steam, 19½c; common, 19c. Whisky firmer at $[illegible] for Ohio. Pork firm at $[illegible]. Lard, in barrels, 19½@[illegible].

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, August 28.

Cotton easier, but prices are much lower; sales, 270 bales; low middling, 26½c; receipts, 186 bales; [illegible] for the week; [illegible] settled; exchange to New York, 1-2 premium. Corn scarce, firm and advanced 2c; mixed, $1 25. Wheat, $2 30. Oats still sold at former prices. Pork firm; $32 50. Gold, 34½. Sterling, sixty-day, 109; New York sight is premium.

CINCINNATI MARKET.

CINCINNATI, August 28.

Flour dull. Wheat firmer; No. 1 red $2 10@2 12. Corn scarce and higher; prime, 72c. Oats dull; 38c. Rye $1 30. Whisky firmer; 31c. Pork dull; $32 50@33 00. Bulk meats firm; shoulders 13½c; sides 16½@16¾c. Bacon firm; shoulders 15½c; clear rib 18¾c; clear sides 19c. Lard 19½c. Butter firm and scarce; 34@35.

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

NEW YORK, August 28.

Money easier, moderately active, rates for call loans, sterling, 9@10%; gold firm, 42; Government stocks a shade lower.

LOUISVILLE MARKET.

LOUISVILLE, August 28.

Sales of tobacco, to day, 325 hhds; prices firmer; leaf, 9@20 @ 75; cutting leaf, 22@35; manufacturing, $9 @ 25. Flour—superfine, $7; fancy, $11. Wheat, $1 90@2 15. Corn shelled, nothing. Oats in bulk, 36@37c. Sugar—New Orleans, 12@13c. Rio coffee, 21@22c. Mess pork, $32 75. Bacon—Shoulders, 13½; clear sides, 16½c. Lard, 19½c. Bear whisky $6 in bond.

ST. LOUIS MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, August 28.

Tobacco active and unchanged. Flour unchanged. Wheat firmer; $2 30@2 35 for fall; prime white $2 40; choice red, $2 30@2 35. Corn, 65½; prime white $[illegible]. Oats dull, 36@36c. Rye firmer, $1 15@1 18. Provisions firm and unchanged. Clear sides 16½c. Whisky firm.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The officers and members of Division No. 60, Sons of Temperance, are requested to meet at their hall at three o'clock this afternoon, to make arrangements for attending the funeral of our late brother, HENRY FERGUSON

HUGH L. FOX, W. P.

The friends and acquaintances of Dr. M. R. RAMSEY are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, corner of Second street and Memphis and Ohio railroad, this morning at nine o'clock.

The friends and acquaintances of MICHAEL PENDERGRAST are invited to attend his funeral this day at three o'clock P.M., from his late residence, corner of Bayborn avenue and Clay street.

DIED,

At his residence, near Louisville, Kentucky, on the 24th instant, WILLIAM WINN, Sr.

HENRY FERGUSON, a resident of Memphis, forty-seven years of age, and a man universally respected, died at eleven o'clock last night, of inflammation of the bowels.

The deceased was a member of Division No. 60, Sons of Temperance, and the members of that Order, as well as the friends and relatives of the deceased, are invited to attend the funeral at half-past three o'clock this afternoon, from his late residence, No. 146 Main street.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE CARNIVALS ARE COMING!

GREENLAW OPERA HOUSE.

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday Evenings, August 27, 28 and 29, 1867

LA SIRÈN'S CARNIVAL MINSTRELS! Monster organization! Only think of it! The great NEKANDER, Magician! CAL. WAGNER, the wonderful! M. AINSLEY SCOTT and NED WEST, all on the same night.

Also, the Great Theatrical Sensation! Hernandez Jap-an-ki-ness Troupe. Original Programme.

Admission, $1; Gallery, 75 and 50 cents.

GREENLAW OPERA HOUSE.

THERE will be a grand performance at the Greenlaw Opera House

On Friday Evening, the 30th Inst.,

By the young men and ladies of the MAYRIAN SOCIETY. An attractive Programme has been selected.

Box office will be open on Friday, from nine a.m. to twelve m., and from two to five p.m., for reserved seats.

Tickets to be had at the principal book, music and jewelry store.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SELECT SCHOOL

—FOR—

YOUNG LADIES & CHILDREN

MRS. M. A. KNOX

WILL open her School on MONDAY, September 2d, 1867, at

NO. 193 COURT STREET,

On the plan of her former school in Nashville.

Particular attention will be paid to PHYSICAL EDUCATION. Calisthenics will be daily taught in the school, and Mrs. Knox considers it as much an exercise will be formed after school hours, to avoid the necessity of pupils attending dancing schools during the week. Vocal Music will be daily practiced, to exercise the voice, without extra charge.

The course of instruction will comprise all ordinary English branches and the Languages, ancient and modern. Music, in all of its branches, will be taught by a Professor. French and Italian taught by Principal or by Professors, at the option of parents. German, by a Professor, will receive special attention. The Natural Sciences and higher mathematics taught by Professors—the former by lectures, illustrated by experiment.

A class in HISTORICAL READING will be formed for young ladies having finished their School Course. One hour, three times a week, will be devoted to this, and young ladies, in society, will also be received as students in Modern Languages or Music.

The reputation of Mrs. Knox, with regard to moral training—the most important part of education—is too well established to need comment.

The object of this enterprise is to elevate the standard of female education in the South.

Mrs. Knox desires to do for the young people of Memphis what she essayed to do for those of her own home, in which effort, as many of her old pupils will testify, she was eminently successful.

Mrs. Knox would, through this medium above, solicit the patronage of her former friends and patrons, and of all who have not heard from her children elsewhere, to modestly twenty weeks in length, including Christmas holiday of one week.

Monthly Terms Payable at the End of Each Month.

Tuition in English from $5 to $10, according to Classes.
Tuition in French and Italian, by Principal, each $.
Tuition in French, Italian and German by Professors, at their charges.
Tuition in Music at Professors' charges.
Tuition in Drawing and Painting at the regular price taught in Schools.
Tuition in Embroidery and Ornamental Needle Work, $.
Tuition in Dancing at Teacher's charge, with usual deduction made for Schools
No Incidental Fee.
Pupils received at any time and charged till end of month.
No deduction made except in cases of protracted illness, or where there are three or four pupils in a family.

THE TIPTON WEEKLY RECORD,

PUBLISHED AT

Covington, Tipton County, Tennessee,

IS the only advertising med um for a fine section of country. It has trades largely with Memphis and is, therefore, offers unusual inducements for business men in all departments in the city, to advertise in its columns.
For sample copy with rates, apply to
C. G. FISHER,
With BRIGGS & NORTON,
No. 368 Front street,
Or Address MUNFORD & SANFORD,
Covington, Tennessee

MEMPHIS COLLEGE,

(Formerly St. Lazarus.)

Rev. S. H. FORD, LL.D., President.
J. DUPREE, Professor of Languages.
———— Professor of Mathematics.
JACKSON P. CREWS, English Department.

Session Opens Monday, September 2d,

TUITION PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS:

Senior Class, including Latin, Greek and Mathematics	$40 00
Junior—English branches, Latin and Greek Grammar	30 00
Primary Department	20 00

PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

MEGIRBEN & BROTHER,

WHOLESALE

LIQUOR DEALERS,

281 Main St., Memphis, Tn.

G. W. L. CROOK,
GENERAL

Marine, Life & Fire Insurance Agent

No. 279 1-2 Main Street.

NONE but sound, solvent, prompt paying companies represented.

St. Agnes Academy.

THE FALL TERM and Thirty-third Session of the Academy

Will Open on Monday, the 2d of September.

Re-opening.

MISS E. RUDISILL will re-open her School at 61 Exchange street on September 2.

Terms, Five Dollars per Month.

Sheriff's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of an execution to me directed, by the Clerk of the Law Court in Memphis, in the county of Shelby, in favor of Wm. Lyle, Executor, etc., dated the 3d day of September, 1867, between the hours of ten o'clock A.M. and four o'clock P.M. of said day, I will, at the Court House landing, in the city of Memphis, offer and sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property, to-wit: two tubular boilers, each fourteen feet in length, to satisfy the above mentioned execution in favor of D. E. Stevens and against Robert Wright.

F. M. WISTERS,
Sheriff of Shelby County.

By J. T. LINFORD, D. S.

Notice.

J. W. Wetherby vs. G. Carroll.

THE plaintiff, on affidavit that the defendant is indebted to him, and is a non-resident of this State, having obtained from the Clerk of the Circuit Court, an original attachment against the estate of the defendant, returnable before the next Term of said Court, to be held on the 2d day of August, 1867, and the same having been levied on the defendant's property, it is ordered that the defendant do appear before the said Term, to-wit, at the Court House in Memphis, on the 2d day of September, 1867, at which office in Memphis, he is ordered to plead to said attachment and, or it will be proceeded with as to him. It is further ordered that this notice be published in the Memphis Avalanche for four consecutive weeks.

F. E. REINRICH,
Justice of the Peace.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. K. HILL, STRANGE & CO.,

Cotton Factors

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

DEALERS IN BAGGING, TIES

And Plantation Supplies Generally,

No. 14 Monroe Street, Memphis.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignments to DICKMAN, HILL & CO., New Orleans.

AUCTION.

Sales This Day.

Notice.

OUR charges hereafter on sales of Furniture and Merchandise in general, at auction, will be ten per cent. on city consignments. W. K. FARNSWORTH & CO.,
No. 360 Second street.

A. S. LEVY & CO.,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

NO. 358 SECOND STREET,

Sales every day. Quick sales and prompt returns.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

TENNESSEE STATE

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

A Home Company Devoted to Home Interests.

None but First Class Risks Taken—Policies Issued from One Month to Six Years.

Officers:

JESSE W. PAGE, Jr., President. J. M. KRATING, Secretary.
A. T. LACEY, Vice President. C. J. SELDEN, Treasurer.
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W. L. VANCE, E. HARTLEY,
A. T. LACEY, J. PRICE,
C. J. SELDEN, J. M. KRATING,
M. KELLEY,

OFFICE:

UP STAIRS IN ODD FELLOWS' HALL, ENTRANCE ON NORTH COURT STREET.

The La Salette Academy.

THE LA SALETTE ACADEMY, on Third street, conducted by the Sisters of St. Agnes, will be opened for the reception of Externs

On Monday, the 2d of September.

A. C. KETCHUM. W. W. MORGAN. A. HITZFELD.

KETCHUM, MORGAN & HITZFELD,

Attorneys at Law,

(IRVING BLOCK,)

No. 248 Second Street, opposite Court Square.

Rooms Nos. 4 and 6, over B. J. Semmes' Store,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Special attention given to cases in Bankruptcy.

ST. PETER'S

SELECT AND PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.

ON MONDAY, September 2, Schools will be opened on Main street between Market and Winchester, under the patronage and immediate supervision of the Clergy of St. Peter's.

One of the principal features will be a Select School graded to suit the requirements of the pupils. It will comprise two courses of study, the Classical and Commercial.

The higher Mathematics—pure and mixed—including Natural Philosophy, Trigonometry, Dialing, etc., etc., will be taught by experienced professors.

The Commercial Course will embrace Book-keeping by Double Entry, with Commercial Law and Commercial Calculation.

A fair opportunity is thus afforded rich and poor to qualify themselves for future honorable positions.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY!

No. 24 Jefferson Street.

W. Z. MITCHELL

HAS REMOVED HIS STOCK to No. 24 Jefferson street, near corner Main, where can be found

School and Miscellaneous Books,

Stationery, Papers, Magazines, etc., at the LOWE ASH PRICES.

POLAND'S

MAGIC BILIOUS POWDERS!

THIS PREPARATION is the discovery of the Rev. W. POLAND, formerly the Pastor of the Baptist Church in Gorhtown, New Hampshire, and a man justly beloved by that denomination throughout New England. He was obliged to leave the pulpit and study medicine to save his own life, and his

MAGIC POWDERS

are one of the most wonderful discoveries of modern times. It b

THE GREAT LIVER & BILIOUS REMEDY!

Which completely throws in the shade all other discoveries in medicine; and it affords him much gratification that they receive the unanimous approbation of all who have tested them. The MAGIC BILIOUS POWDERS are a

Positive Cure for Liver Complaint!

In its most aggravated form, and as an immediate corrector of all

BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS!

Excellent for

HEADACHE, CONSTIPATION,

PIMPLES,	BLOTCHES,
SALLOW SKIN,	DROWSINESS,
DIZZINESS,	HEARTBURN,

PALPITATION,

And a most wonderful

Cure & Preventive of Fever & Ague!

(We advise all who are troubled with this fearful malady to always keep them by them, as they are the best of medicine ever.)

Here are a few important particulars:

1st—They are the Great Specific for all Bilious Affections.

2d—They are the only known remedy that will cure Liver Complaint.

3d—They are the only known remedy that will cure Constipation.

4th—The Powders are so thorough in their operation that one package will be all that the majority of those using them will require to effect a cure.

5th—They are a mild and pleasant yet the most effectual cathartic known.

6th—They are the cheapest and best medicine extant, as they can be sent by mail to any part of the globe for the price, 2 cents.

Circulars containing certificates, information, etc., sent to any part of the world free of charge.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS or by mail on application to
G. G. CLARK & CO.
Price 50 cents per Box. SIDNEY & PERRIN,
Proprietors and Manufacturers,
BARNES, WARD & CO., General Agents for the South.
Nashville, Tenn.

A Card.

WE will at once rebuild our warehouses, and will have it completed by the 15th of September, and by the first day of that month we will be ready to receive cotton.

The sheds will be divided into five parts of convenients by which we can receive, upon an advance, 100 bales per day, or 500 bales per week, and covered with tin. The warehouses are so far the last two years, and those who may favor us with their consignments, may rest assured that they will be found to do on the approximation, and if not, we will be found to do on the approximation.

We design establishing a Cotton Compress in connection with our warehouses, upon an advance, which will be ready by the 1st of October next, by which we can compress 100 bales per day. The fact that we can transfer cotton for shipment by river free of drayage, and that we can receive it from the cars at the depot at all cotton sent for compression from other warehouses, while in transit, will be compressed free of charge, and reshipped to any point in transit, free of charge, as we intend to be ready for us to transfer it from our store to the Compress, so as to avoid the necessity of any transfer by drays.

J. S. CHRISTIAN & CO.

Yellow Pine Flooring.

10,000 FEET Dressed Yellow Pine Flooring. Best quality. Apply to S. M. PATRICK & CO.,
24 Front street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

FRENCH MEDICINES PREPARED BY GRIMAULT & COMPANY

Chemists to His Imperial Highness Prince Napoleon.

THESE different medicines represent the most recent medical discoveries, founded on the principles of chemistry and therapeutics. They must not be confounded with secret or quack medicines, as it is only in the hands of regular physicians that they can produce their beneficial effects. Every intelligent physician knows that they are daily employed in the French world. They widely differ from those numerous medicines advertised in the public papers as sure to cure everything, and which do not only no good, but in a very few instances, have ended in France with regard to the sale of many preparations, and only those which have received the approbation of the Academy of Medicine, and have been proved effective either in the French army or in the hospitals of Paris, are authorized by the government. This fact must be a guarantee for the excellency of GRIMAULT & CO.'S medicines.

Dr. Lerna' (Doctor of Medicine) Liquid Phosphate of Iron.

The newest and most esteemed medicine in cases of CHLOROSIS, PAINS IN THE STOMACH, DIFFICULT DIGESTION, DISARRANGEMENT, ASTHENIA, GENERAL DEBILITY and POISONING OF BLOOD. It is particularly recommended to regulate the functions of nature, and to all ladies of delicate constitutions, as well as to persons suffering under any kind of debility whatsoever. It is the preservative of health par excellence in all warm and relaxing climates.

No More Cod Liver Oil—Grimault's Syrup o Iodized Horse Radish.

This medicine has been administered with the utmost success in the hospitals of Paris. It is a perfect substitute for COD LIVER OIL, and has been found most beneficial in DISEASES OF THE CHEST, SCROFULA, LYMPHATIC DISORDERS, GLANDULAR AFFECTIONS, RICKETS, MUSCULAR ATONY and LOSS OF APPETITE. It regenerates the composition of the blood. It being the most powerful depurative known. It has also been applied with happy results in DISEASES OF THE SKIN. Further, it will be found to help great benefit in young children subject to RUMOURS and OBSTRUCTION OF THE GLANDS.

Consumption Cured—Grimault's Syrup of Hypophosphite of Lime.

This new medicine is considered to be a sovereign remedy in cases of PHTHISIS and other DISEASES OF THE LUNGS. It promptly removes all the most serious symptoms. The cough is relieved, night perspirations cease, and the patient is restored to health.

N. B.—Be sure to see that the signature of GRIMAULT & CO. is affixed to the bottle, as this syrup is liable to imitations.

No More Difficult or Painful Digestion—Dr. Burin du Buisson's (Laureate of the Paris Imperial Academy of Medicine) Digestive Lozenges.

This delicious preparation is always prescribed by the most reputed medical men in France in cases of derangements of the digestive functions, such as LASTITUDE, GASTRALGIA, DYSPEPSIA, CARDIALGIA, DIFFICULT DIGESTION, wind in the stomach and bowels, EMACIATION, JAUNDICE and COMPLAINTS OF THE LIVER AND LOINS.

Nervous Headaches, Neuralgia, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Instantly Cured by Grimault's Guarana.

This vegetable substance, which grows in the Brazils, has been employed since time immemorial to cure INFLAMMATION OF THE BOWELS. It has proved of late to be of the greatest service in cases of CHOLERA, as it is preventive and a cure in cases of Diarrhea.

Fer

THE DAILY AVALANCHE

THURSDAY, : : : : : AUGUST 31, 1867.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Express Daily	12:05 P.M.	12:45 A.M.
Through Mail Daily	1:30 P.M.	1:30 P.M.
Somerville Accommodation Daily, (Sundays excepted)	7:05 A.M.	5:40 P.M.

Ticket office, 276 Main, corner of South Court street.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express	2:30 A.M.	10:30 A.M.
New Orleans Mail	2:05 P.M.	2:30 P.M.
Freight daily, except Sunday	5:30 P.M.	4:30 A.M.

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Day Express	10:45 A.M.	4:30 P.M.
Night Express	5:00 P.M.	11:00 P.M.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Our city patrons are requested not to pay any one for subscriptions to the AVALANCHE without a certificate from the office authorizing them to collect.

GALLAWAY, HAMPTON & Co.

Bancroft Hall, at Wheaton & Co.'s.

The freight trains on the Memphis and Charleston railroad had not arrived up to six o'clock p.m.

A public ball will be given at the Memphis Trotting Park Garden, on Friday evening. Strict order will be kept on the grounds. 2t.

THE IUKA TOURNAMENT.—A notice of this intended grand affair will be found on our first page. From what we can learn, it is intended to eclipse any thing that has taken place in the Southwest.

"Hesperian Pills," the "sure cure for ague," are different from most ague remedies. They contain no poisons or injurious drugs; they are sugar coated, pleasant to take and never fail to cure. Price $1 at the drug stores.

Ed. Worsham, 22 Jefferson street, received by last night's mail, Chimney Corner, Waverly, Fanny Fielding, LaCrosse Democrat, Wilkes' Spirit of the Times, Base Ball Chronicle, Atlantic Monthly for September. Every Saturday, monthly part for August. Go to *Ed.* to get your reading.

MUNICIPAL COURT.—All the cases upon the writs of inquiry set for yesterday were disposed of. The trial docket, commencing at No. 105, will be called up for trial after the trial of cases specially set for to-day. The first fifty cases undisposed of will be taken up after the disposition of the cases above mentioned.

HOW IT WORKS.—Hard times, unprecedented in their toughness, have virtually suspended all business in Memphis for three months past. Money is coming in to be advanced on cotton. Greenbacks will soon be abundant, and the two pending schemes of the Southern Asylum will be at once disposed of. Northwestern agents of the company sell the "Farmer's One Dollar Tickets" with great rapidity. The five dollar city scheme grows more popular in Memphis and every where in the South. The utility of the Asylum in distributing lands will soon be demonstrated on a large scale.

Official Drawing of the Missouri State Lottery.

CLASS 507, DRAWN AUGUST 28, 1867.

46, 66, 27, 15, 4, 75, 60, 70, 62, 12, 65, 57, 30, 59.

CLASS 508, DRAWN AUGUST 29, 1867.

71, 67, 16, 40, 5, 73, 63, 52, 57, 54, 27, 36, 29, 33.

Drawn twice each day. Over $100,000 in prizes paid each day. Prizes are *all cash*. Tickets cost from twenty-five cents to twenty dollars. Call or send for circular.

GEO. W. VAN VOAST, Agent,
20 and 22 Jefferson street, 12 Gayoso and 4 Water streets.

The "Martelli" Hat—awarded the medal at the Paris Exposition—for sale at Wheaton & Co.'s.

GREAT REVIVAL OF RELIGION.—For nearly three weeks one of the most powerful religious revivals has been going on every night in a rural congregation of the Methodist Church. This meeting is being held under the shade of the trees of the forest, in the day time, and under the bright stars at night, and about three and a half miles from Memphis, upon the cross road leading from the State Line to the Raleigh road, known as McConnell's avenue. Some thirty or forty have, we understand, already professed religion, and the interest in the meeting still increases. It has been mainly conducted by Rev. Thomas Davidson and Rev. Mr. King, aided by Rev. Messrs. Thomas and Johnson.

EXCURSION TO LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN.—In order to afford our citizens the opportunity of visiting Lookout Mountain, the Memphis and Charleston railroad will issue excursion tickets, commencing September 7, from Memphis and all stations, to Chattanooga and return for fare one way. Tickets good during the month of September, allowing the excursionists to lay over at any points on the line, and return within that period. Fare from Memphis to Chattanooga and return, seventeen dollars; intermediate fare from Chattanooga to the top of the mountain and return, two dollars. The grand gathering of parties from Nashville, Knoxville, Atlanta, etc., will be on top of Lookout Mountain, on the 11th and 12th of September, and the train from Memphis for that occasion will leave here at six o'clock on the evening of the 10th.

TRANSFER OF REAL ESTATE.—Dennis Kelly to Michael Gavin, deed, $11,000, the north half of lot No 294, fronting 74 feet on Third street and 185½ feet on Concord street; Nathan Fenster to Louis Henock, cestui qui trust et al, trust deed, $1,500, house and lot in Memphis, northeast corner of Causey street and Brown's avenue, fronting on Causey street 34½ feet by 70 feet; decree of county Court to E O Perrin, lot No 1 in partition case of Hallum vs Perrin, and lot No 2 to John Hallum in same case; John Hallum to Virginia W Hallum, deed, $1,500, part of country lot No 508, south of old Raleigh road, on northeast corner of lot No 6 of sub-division of John Hallum's country lot; Mound Hickory sabilog, and will do whatever they undertake.

There was a meeting of the Directors of the Memphis and Ohio railroad yesterday, but what they did or resolved has not transpired. They have thirty days, by law, in which to comply with the State requisition and pay up the State interest. If they don't in thirty days pay up, then the Receiver will take hold. Mr. Richards started yesterday to Nashville, to keep the pot boiling, so that he may get the Superintendency.

Mayor Loftand was not able to get the recession of the Navy Yard to Memphis, from the United States military authorities during his recent visit to Washington. General Grant was disposed to consider the Navy Yard as captured rebel property but when Mayor Loftand presented the fullest proofs that it was not so, he confessed that he was not familiar with the matter, and promised to give attention to it.

A little girl, five years of age, named Laura Casey, was badly, perhaps fatally, hurt by the down train of cars on the Memphis and Ohio railroad yesterday, about two miles this side of Hopkins. She was walking on the track a little in advance of her aunt, and was just in a deep cutting at a turn in the road when the train came along. The engineer whistled four times and the brakes were put down, but the child became confused, and instead of jumping off the track, ran straight ahead until caught. One leg was broken, and being thrown up by the cow catcher against the steam chest, she suffered such internal injuries that she can scarcely survive.

There was a great fracas on Tuesday night a short distance from the corner of Orleans and Court streets. A lovely woman with Satanic proclivities, but fair and very dressy, had, it seems, attracted much attention by her style. A voice appeared to be hers, shouted "murder," "help," and the other ejaculations common in extreme cases. Somebody was beating her. To hear a woman is always cowardly and mean, but when the neighbors, who were attracted by the affair, and consequent interference, learned that the lovely woman had been found by her husband in bed with a very black and ugly specimen of the African race, they concluded not to mix in the affair. Such is life.

Complaints are numerous that on nearly every road from Memphis there are black and white highwaymen, who prowl about the woods and swamps in the daytime, and at night rob travelers or plunder marketmen. So great is the alarm from this, that many physicians will not go outside the city limits after dark to see a patient, and marketmen dread coming to the city or leaving it except in the day time. This matter should be cured by the police; but it is feared that some policemen are accomplices in robberies. Three policemen were seen in a swamp on the Pigeon Roost road, outside the city limits, yesterday morning. The marketman who saw them, and whose address was left at the AVALANCHE office, was convinced that they were after some mischief.

In Mississippi, under military authority, there are tax collectors who have been going about and enforcing from every black, who had a revolver, a tax of three dollars, and for every dirk knife or bowie knife, a tax of two dollars. Where the fine was not paid the revolvers or knives were taken away and given to the planter or overseer, who was held responsible for the amount of the tax, and had to keep the arms until the tax should be paid by the blacks. As soon as the blacks in Mississippi heard that Brownlow was elected they demanded the arms, declaring that they had been assured that if Brownlow was elected no tax should be imposed on negroes anywhere for five years. All assurance that the election of Brownlow in Tennessee had nothing to do with the blacks of Mississippi had no effect in convincing them that they had been deceived by the stories put afloat to get Mississippi blacks to vote at Memphis, and as the tax collector comes round again in September it is anticipated that serious difficulties may ensue.

The City Fathers went yesterday on their grand promenade excursion along the bank, to see how the river ran. They found that within the last eight months the current has run away one hundred feet at Wells' street, and that there is great danger of the whole of the made ground at the base of the bluffs being washed off unless some preventive measures are adopted by the city. They found that from the mouth of Wolf river to opposite Market street there was, at the depth of fifty feet, a very hard, substantial clay bottom, and think that a bulk head at this point will check the washing by the current of the Mississippi river. Some of the City Fathers thought the bulk head should be of some "shingling." Others thought that a ten feet coating of stone and an inside filling from the bluff would be sufficient to turn the current. Having made these observations, whose importance the City Fathers had never before appreciated, they ate an oyster stew, and returned to the city hall, to consider the observations and state their conclusions. Ah, That, as a general rule, freshwater runs downstream. So, That if a sufficient bulk head is put in it will prevent the further washing. So, That the river is deep enough for considerable, if not much, commerce.

THE MATHIAN SOCIETY—GRAND ENTERTAINMENT AT GREENLAW OPERA HOUSE—PRIZE MONEY.—Our readers have a rich treat in store for them next Friday evening. The Mathian Society, composed of many of the best educated, highly respectable, and talented young gentlemen in the city, will open up to the public one of their rentherche entertainments on that evening at the Greenlaw Opera House. It will be interesting and attractive. To-morrow we will publish the full programme. Colonel E. W. Gaskill, who will preside over the quest member of the bar, will deliver the opening address. Let all make up their minds to go to the Greenlaw Friday night.

WELCOME HOME.—The return home, yesterday, of the genial, but efficient, agent of the Associated Press, Will. G. Woodson, Esq., in fine health and spirits, will gratify his many friends. As able writer for the press, newspaper gleaner, scholar and a gentleman, Mr. Woodson has more warm personal friends and fewer enemies than most men.

A HORRIBLE MURDER.

A Negro Killed and Robbed when Going to See a Patient.

Dr. M. R. Ramsey, who is widely known to our citizens as one of the firm of Mott, Bradford and Ramsey, of the Lock Manufactory, and whose office has recently been at the corner of Second and Monroe streets, went out on Tuesday afternoon, on the new Raleigh road, some distance beyond the National Cemetery, to see a lady patient who was so seriously unwell that two other physicians were also in attendance. Dr. Ramsey had been in that vicinity on Monday, on a business matter and had been seen by a number of persons, who remarked the fine dark horse that he rode, and which he recently purchased. Tuesday afternoon, he rode some distance with a friend named Clark, who arranged to meet him again at the house of Dr. Ramsey's patient. About four o'clock in the afternoon, Dr. Ramsey was observed crossing a bridge a short distance from the residence of his patient. Between five and six o'clock p.m., Clark was crossing the same bridge, when a colored man remarked to him that the horse of the gentleman with whom he had been riding that day had just been seen going the wrong way, wounded, and tied to the wagon of a negro that had gone by. Mr. Clark became alarmed, and hurried to the house of the sick person, where he found that Dr. Ramsey had not been there. He then pursued the negro who had the wagon to which the horse was said to be tied, and soon came up with him. The negro said he had found the horse on the road, and, suspecting something wrong, as the animal had been shot he had taken charge of it. Mr. Clark at once gave the alarm, and instituted a search for the body of Dr. Ramsey. This search was kept up until one o'clock at night, when all engaged in it became tired out and suspended operations until morning. At day break the search was resumed, and just before sunrise the body of the unfortunate Doctor was found in a swamp. It was riddled with balls, and the head had been crushed in. The pockets, which only contained a dollar or two in small change, had been rifled, the boots and coat taken off, and then the body had been thrown in a swamp and covered with brush. Footsteps apparently of a single man were found about the place. The news was quickly brought to the city, and caused a profound sensation. Dr. Ramsey was a native of Pennsylvania, but has resided in Memphis for a long time, and was a most inoffensive little man. He eaves a wife and three children to mourn his untimely end. His wife is about being confined, and the shock of his terrible death is likely to prove fatal to her.

Yesterday afternoon, a man named John Zany, was arrested on suspicion of being the murderer, and it is said that there are strong circumstantial proofs against him.

The Metropolitan policemen were yesterday sent out to investigate the affair. Several gentlemen who knew Dr. Ramsey for over twenty years bear testimony to the uniform mildness and inoffensiveness of his character. A man about forty-four years of age, he was a quiet, orderly, estimable citizen, who had a wide circle of friends in all classes of our people.

He seems to have been shot by some one standing at the side of the road and a little behind him, as there were twelve buckshot in his right arm and a number of buckshot in his right leg, while his side under the right arm was completely riddled. Not satisfied with this, the fiend who perpetrated the atrocious deed seems to have beaten the remaining life out with some club, as a blow on the temple crushed out the right eye, and the whole cerebellum was mashed into a jelly by repeated blows, about as forcibly as a negro can get up in a fight in the same locality, and detailed how it had been foiled by the prompt firing of a revolver at the villain.

Only a short time since, in the same locality, Mr. D. L. Stewart, Esq., was one night met by highwaymen, while riding in his buggy, but their attempts to seize the horse frightened it, and it carried Mr. Stewart rapidly out of danger.

When Zany was arrested he was under the influence of liquor.

ITEMITAS.

General Ord was at Holly Springs, Mississippi, on last Thursday.

The repaving of Jefferson street with Nicolson pavement has begun.

John Cross was charged yesterday with stealing a roll of silk from the house of Mr. Burke, on Linden street.

S. C. Toof, Esq., the proprietor of the Franklin Job Printing office, has returned from his tour through the east.

Adam Rolney was arrested yesterday on the charge of stealing money from a bureau in the house of Mr. Clark, on Poplar street.

Mayor Loftand is again attending to his official duties. His visit East was very pleasant, and he is in the best of health and spirits.

Horace Wood was arrested for stealing a lot of clothes and other valuables, worth one hundred dollars, from the room of John Robb, on Beale street.

Officer John Bongbee, on behalf of the United States Revenue Department, made, yesterday, a seizure of a large lot of cigars belonging to Falk & Co.

White boys complain that when they are caught playing base ball on Sunday, they are locked up until Monday morning, while black boys, for the same offense, are at once discharged.

Yesterday a well dressed white woman—but under ordinary circumstances would seem respectable—was helped away from Beale street by two kindly black men, who sympathized with her in her drunkenness.

Anonymous Radicals are trying to make a martyr out of the Tobacco Inspector, who was turned out of office for letting tobacco go out without compliance with the revenue regulations. Very likely these "many friends" are Black himself.

Quite a number of gentlemen from Louisiana, Mississippi and Tennessee went North to attend the great railroad barbecue at Paducah yesterday. The object of the affair is to further the building of an extension of the Mississippi Central railroad from Jackson, Tennessee, to Paducah.

The Mathian Society exhibition, at the Greenlaw Opera House, on Friday night, will be one of the finest intellectual treats of the season. The ladies and gentlemen who are to be the performers are a most literary sibility, and will do whatever they undertake.

There was a meeting of the Directors of the Memphis and Ohio railroad yesterday, but what they did or resolved has not transpired. They have thirty days, by law, in which to comply with the State requisition and pay up the State interest. If they don't in thirty days pay up, then the Receiver will take hold. Mr. Richards started yesterday to Nashville, to keep the pot boiling, so that he may get the Superintendency.

Mayor Loftand was not able to get the recession of the Navy Yard to Memphis, from the United States military authorities during his recent visit to Washington. General Grant was disposed to consider the Navy Yard as captured rebel property but when Mayor Loftand presented the fullest proofs that it was not so, he confessed that he was not familiar with the matter, and promised to give attention to it.

A little girl, five years of age, named Laura Casey, was badly, perhaps fatally, hurt by the down train of cars on the Memphis and Ohio railroad yesterday, about two miles this side of Hopkins. She was walking on the track a little in advance of her aunt, and was just in a deep cutting at a turn in the road when the train came along. The engineer whistled four times and the brakes were put down, but the child became confused, and instead of jumping off the track, ran straight ahead until caught. One leg was broken, and being thrown up by the cow catcher against the steam chest, she suffered such internal injuries that she can scarcely survive.

There was a great fracas on Tuesday night a short distance from the corner of Orleans and Court streets. A lovely woman with Satanic proclivities, but fair and very dressy, had, it seems, attracted much attention by her style. A voice appeared to be hers, shouted "murder," "help," and the other ejaculations common in extreme cases. Somebody was beating her. To hear a woman is always cowardly and mean, but when the neighbors, who were attracted by the affair, and consequent interference, learned that the lovely woman had been found by her husband in bed with a very black and ugly specimen of the African race, they concluded not to mix in the affair. Such is life.

Complaints are numerous that on nearly every road from Memphis there are black and white highwaymen, who prowl about the woods and swamps in the daytime, and at night rob travelers or plunder marketmen. So great is the alarm from this, that many physicians will not go outside the city limits after dark to see a patient, and marketmen dread coming to the city or leaving it except in the day time. This matter should be cured by the police; but it is feared that some policemen are accomplices in robberies. Three policemen were seen in a swamp on the Pigeon Roost road, outside the city limits, yesterday morning. The marketman who saw them, and whose address was left at the AVALANCHE office, was convinced that they were after some mischief.

In Mississippi, under military authority, there are tax collectors who have been going about and enforcing from every black, who had a revolver, a tax of three dollars, and for every dirk knife or bowie knife, a tax of two dollars. Where the fine was not paid the revolvers or knives were taken away and given to the planter or overseer, who was held responsible for the amount of the tax, and had to keep the arms until the tax should be paid by the blacks. As soon as the blacks in Mississippi heard that Brownlow was elected they demanded the arms, declaring that they had been assured that if Brownlow was elected no tax should be imposed on negroes anywhere for five years. All assurance that the election of Brownlow in Tennessee had nothing to do with the blacks of Mississippi had no effect in convincing them that they had been deceived by the stories put afloat to get Mississippi blacks to vote at Memphis, and as the tax collector comes round again in September it is anticipated that serious difficulties may ensue.

The City Fathers went yesterday on their grand promenade excursion along the bank, to see how the river ran. They found that within the last eight months the current has run away one hundred feet at Wells' street, and that there is great danger of the whole of the made ground at the base of the bluffs being washed off unless some preventive measures are adopted by the city. They found that from the mouth of Wolf river to opposite Market street there was, at the depth of fifty feet, a very hard, substantial clay bottom, and think that a bulk head at this point will check the washing by the current of the Mississippi river. Some of the City Fathers thought the bulk head should be of some "shingling." Others thought that a ten feet coating of stone and an inside filling from the bluff would be sufficient to turn the current. Having made these observations, whose importance the City Fathers had never before appreciated, they ate an oyster stew, and returned to the city hall, to consider the observations and state their conclusions. Ah, That, as a general rule, freshwater runs downstream. So, That if a sufficient bulk head is put in it will prevent the further washing. So, That the river is deep enough for considerable, if not much, commerce.

RIVER NEWS.

AVALANCHE OFFICE,
THURSDAY, August 29.

BUSINESS—WEATHER—RIVERS.

Weather sultry and cloudy. The river here is receding steadily with nine feet 10 inches. The Ohio is receding steadily at Cincinnati and Louisville with three and a half feet in the canal. The Arkansas is reported falling with three feet scant on the bars to Little Rock. White river is declining with four and a half feet in the channel. Business on the wharf quiet with little movement to report.

ARRIVALS.

Steamer Lady Gay, New Orleans.
" Jno. M. Lewis, St. Louis.
" Michigan, Evansville.
" Missouri, Cincinnati.

DEPARTURES.

Steamer Lady Gay, St. Louis.
" Gunnison, Little Rock.
" Michigan, Evansville.
" Jno. M. New Orleans.
" Virginia, Saint's Point.

IN PORT.

Minnesota, Belle St. Louis.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Mississippi arrived from Cincinnati yesterday morning, after a tedious trip, with two hundred and fifty tons of merchandise. She returns to Cincinnati to-day at 5 p.m.

The Gladiator cleared for the Arkansas last evening, with a good trip. She was drawing four feet water when we left the channel, and will have no double trip in.

Captain W. R. Hollcroft will probably take charge of the Virginia and run her in the Louisville and New Orleans trade.

The Ben Porter is loading at Louisville for New Orleans.

The slight rise in the Ohio will improve navigation and increase business along the Ohio.

The Michigan arrived yesterday morning from Evansville, with a load of hay and corn. She discharged her cargo and turned her prow up stream, and cleared for Cincinnati.

The Belle St. Louis, Captain Zeigler, is the regular Thursday Cairo and St. Louis packet. She leaves at five p.m.

Captain William Johnson, of the Custer wharf-boat, has returned from Louisville, and is now preparing for the fall business.

Cincinnati dispatches of Monday report the following accidents caused by the terrible tornado which passed over the upper Ohio on Saturday: There are some forty steamboats lying at Fulton, and between Fulton and the water works. The Anna White, lying just above the water works, was blown out into the river. The Bostona, which has just been put in complete order as the fall business was lying beneath the Eureka docks. The wind struck her stern and forced her against the lower end of the dock, causing great damage. The steamer Telegraph was on the Eureka dock. The dock was blown out into the middle and up the stream, without damage to either dock or boat. Several boats in the vicinity were blown out into the middle of the river, and some of them suffered injuries of slight character.

The storm extended up the river for many miles. The steamer Columbia, on her way to Cincinnati, was overtaken by the gale, accompanied with hail, at Savannah, fifty miles above Cincinnati. As it was, by keeping her wheel to the wind and backing up stream, she came out with whole timbers.

Captain Bob Gibson is at present at Louisville, and, therefore, is not aware of the good luck which has fallen to his lot. Mrs. Gibson is at Marietta, Georgia, where she was delivered, on Tuesday, of two fine girl babies. The mother and children are doing well. The season is opening briskly with Captain Gibson, and he will have to call Mr. Simms to make provision for "them ar gals."

Mrs. L. P. Ward, wife of the clerk of the Lady, died very suddenly on Tuesday evening. We sincerely sympathize with Mr. Ward in his bereavement. What makes it more distressing, they had been married but a short time. The friends of Mrs. Ward will be conveyed to her friends in Caseyville, Kentucky.

The Mobile and Ohio railroad is on its legs again, and in good running order. The employés have been paid, and the trains have resumed their regular time. Passengers leaving by the Memphis and Ohio railroad at eleven p.m. make close and sure connections at Humboldt and Cairo for St. Louis, Chicago and all Eastern, Western and Northern cities. The ticket office is at Hill's Main street, and the depot at the head of Main street.

Charley Clark asks us this question: "Which is the best builder, Alf. or Sam?" We answer—both; for "Sam," builds them on paper, while *Alf* gets them ready for floating.

The Vicksburg *Times* wants a Vicksburg and Napoleon packet, and says a good boat, officered by Jones, White, Smith and McVay, will prove successful in its trade. We can freely indorse Captains James White and McVay, and a packet in charge of them would meet with success in any trade.

Captain Bob Gibson returned home yesterday from Louisville. His pony is still on the "mend of him.

The markets report eight feet water on the bars between Cairo and St. Louis. The following are rates of freight from St. Louis: To New Orleans and Vicksburg, four 70c per barrel, other articles in proportion; to Memphis, the rates are now, flour, 35c per barrel, pork 70c, whisky and ale $1 50, corn per sack, 35c, oats 40c, bacon and lard, 1 70 pounds, 50c; heavy goods freights, 30c per 100 pounds, light do 40c per 100 pounds; cattle and mules per head $5, horses $7, hogs $1 50, sheep $1.

A deck hand on the Major Anderson was drowned at the Louisville wharf Thursday. He, with others, was under the guard grappling for a box of tin, when the engineer, not knowing he was there, blew him into the river and drowned him.

The woman drowned at Alton, Indiana, Saturday morning is supposed to have been Mrs. Mary Burton. The name is on her satchel.

The bodies of the two abandoned women, who were drowned at Cairo, Sunday morning, were found yesterday. Their names are Mattie Jones and Alice Forshee.

The Cincinnati Commercial of Tuesday says:

The veteran Captain David Hiner leaves for Memphis to-day to join the celebrated Northwest, chartered by the Government for improving the navigation of White and Arkansas rivers. Captain Hiner has been appointed Superintendent of the works.

The Louisville Courier of Tuesday says:

Among the new boats to take the track the ensuing season are the Belle Lee and Captain Montgomery's clipper, either of which are expected to eclipse every thing that ever before ran the river trade from New Orleans to Cairo, St. Louis, Cincinnati and Pittsburg. The new boats, one for the Ouachita, for Captain Tobias, and the other for Captain Sam. Lee, for Red river, the governor Allen, are destined to be the clippers of the Northern boat. We are informed that a side line of Captain Tobias's boat will make the best time to Red river of the whole fleet.

In reference to the Belle Lee the Louisville *Democrat* of a late date says:

The work of building this truly magnificent steamer is being pushed forward rapidly at the shipyard in Jeffersonville. We were here on the stocks yesterday, and could see that she will be the handsomest we have ever seen. It looks well proportioned and graceful, and we have no shadow of doubt but that she will still command one of the fleetest and finest boats, when she is launched, that ever disturbed the bosoms of the Ohio or Mississippi rivers.

MONETARY.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
THURSDAY, August 29.

The money market continues to rule quiet, with the rates of interest firm and unchanged.

GOLD—Firm; buying 1sc16c. Silver—Steady; buying at par.

EXCHANGE—Firm and scarce. Checking rates are ½ per cent. on St. Louis, buying on the track a little in advance of her ament. and was just in a deep cutting at a turn in the road when the train came along. The engineer whistled four times and the brakes were put down, but the child became confused, and instead of jumping off the track, ran straight ahead until caught. One leg was broken, and being thrown up by the cow catcher against the steam chest, she suffered such internal injuries that she can scarcely survive.

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COMMERCIAL.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
THURSDAY, August 29, 1867.

Trade in the general markets yesterday was quiet and steady with a small jobbing trade doing in plantation supplies.

COTTON—The market yesterday was dull with little offering and light inquiries. Sales during the day were comprised of a few small lots of middling at 22½c; low middling, 21½@22c; strict middling, 23c; good ordinary, 20@21c.

GENERAL MARKET.

[NOTE.—Our quotations are the wholesale prices unless otherwise stated. In filling small orders to the city or country trade it is the usage of the trade to give per cent. is obtained.]

BACON—The market, during the day was weak and heavy, with a small demand. Sales were unsettled. Prime white and sugar cured at $1 19@1 21.

BAGGING—Steady; 2 ton for choice new prairie; timothy, $3 50@4.

BAGS—Firm; 1½ for choice new prairie; timothy, $3 50@4.

BUTTER—Firm and scarce at 30@35c per pound.

CHEESE—Firm and scarce at 20@22c per pound.

COAL—Firm; buying at 10c; selling at 12½c per bushel.

COFFEE—Market dull and unchanged; Rio, nominal; Laguayra, nominal; Java, nominal.

CORN MEAL—Quiet and inactive; New Orleans nominal; corn, nominal; virgin, nominal.

CORN—Quiet and steady; shelled and powdered, 2c; coffee sugars, 15@16c.

CRACKERS—Steady; old, 8@9 per dozen; young, 9@10c per dozen.

EGGS—Firm and scarce at 20@25 per dozen.

BUTTER—Choice yellow is in fair demand, with little on the market; selling at 35@40c. Common is nominal at 25@30c.

POTATOES—Are firm, with light receipts. Choice rules at $2 50 per bbl.

APPLES—Quiet at $3 per bbl.

RICE—Quiet at 11@12c per lb.

SALT—Steady at $2 50@2 75 per bbl.

TALLOW—Held at 9c per lb.

WOOL—Quiet at 30@35c per lb.

CHEESE—Dull; Western Reserve, 14@15c.

SIDEWAY—In demand and steady, 12@13c.

SHAR—Dull at 9@9½c.

HAMS, PORK, ETC.—The market is inactive. We quote mess pork, 1867, $23 50@24; prime mess, $21@21 50; prime, nominal; lard, 14@15c; tierce, 15@16c; hams, 15@16c; shoulders, 10@11c; sides, 13@14c; bacon, 15@16c; sugar cured hams, 20@22c.

LARD—Dull; kettle leaf, 14@15c; tierce, 15@16c.

COFFEE—Market dull and unchanged; Rio, nominal; Laguayra, nominal; Java, nominal.

MOLASSES—Quiet and inactive; New Orleans nominal; sorghum, nominal; syrups, nominal.

RICE—Quiet at 11@12c per lb.

SALT—Steady; old, $2 50@2 75 per bbl.

TALLOW—Held at 9c per lb.

WOOL—Quiet at 30@35c per lb.

CORN—Firm and scarce at 70@75c per bushel.

OATS—Light receipts and very moderate demand; jobbing at 60@65c per bushel.

FLOUR—Quiet; sales were made at $5 for extra; double extra, $6; family extra, $7 50@8; fancy, $9 50.

CORN MEAL—Quiet at $3 75 per bbl. on levee and $3 90@4 in store, in first hands.

PROVISIONS—The market ruled steady, with a fair jobbing trade doing. Prices were firm and unchanged. Mess pork, $23 50@24 in store. Bulk meats, 10@10½c; firm and steady; clear sides, 12@12½c; breakfast cured, 13@14c; clear sides, 13@13½c; hams, 15@16c; shoulders, 11@12c; plain uncured lard, 14@15c; choice cured, 16@17c; sugar cured hams, 20@22c.

COFFEE—Market dull and unchanged; Rio, nominal; Laguayra, nominal; Java, nominal.

MOLASSES—Quiet and inactive; New Orleans nominal; sorghum, nominal; syrups, nominal.

RICE—Quiet at 11@12c per lb.

SALT—Steady at

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

GALLAWAY, HAMPTON & CO.

W. G. GALLAWAY, W. H. HUME, HENRY HAMPTON, M. W. GALLOWAY. } Editors and Proprietors.

TERMS—Daily paper, per annum, in advance, $12; Weekly $5

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at $1 00 per square for first insertion; each subsequent insertion, 50 cents. Twenty cents per line for special notices.

OFFICE:

In our new building, No. 22 Jefferson street, near the corner of Main.

BY TELEGRAPH.

WEDNESDAY NOON DISPATCHES

The President's Order Relative to Hancock and Canby not Executed.

General Grant Declines to Direct the Order.

He Denies the Right of the President to Interfere in the Military Districts.

Disclosures of Stupendous Revenue Frauds.

Major General Howard to be Removed.

Escape of Captain Duncan from Fort Pulaski.

Completion of Registration in Georgia.

The Negroes have 2000 Majority.

WASHINGTON, August 28.—It is believed by prominent gentlemen that the difference between the President and General Grant in relation to the removal of Generals Sheridan and Sickles, are irreconcilable. The orders issued by the President, directing Hancock to relieve Sheridan, and Canby to relieve Sickles, have not been executed. It is said that General Grant, in his letter to the President, declines to direct the order to be executed, and states his refusal in strong terms, virtually denying the right of the President to interfere in any of the five military districts created by Congress, asserting that the entire control of the Departments rest, by the supplemental reconstruction act, in the General of the United States army; and, therefore, he is not at liberty to, and will not, transfer them to another. The letter has not been made public, but the above statement is believed to be reliable, as it is derived from a usually well informed source.

New YORK, August 28.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says the President still refuses to furnish to the press his correspondence with General Grant on the removal of Stanton. He regards his reply to Grant, on Sheridan's removal, a sufficient reply to both.

James Duncan, commissary to Captain Wirz at Andersonville, escaped from Fort Pulaski last week, where he was sentenced for fifteen years. He has gone to France.

A series of gigantic whisky frauds on the Revenue Collector have recently been discovered, which is said, implicate merchants of high standing in this city and Boston. The names are not given.

The *Times'* Washington special says the President last Saturday sent for John M. Langston, colored orator of Ohio, to inquire regarding his views of the colored men, with respect to the Freedmen's Bureau. Langston told the President he thought the interest of the blacks demanded the retention of General Howard. The President spoke in very severe terms of General Howard, and intimated very clearly that he must relieve him, and put in some true friend of the colored race; and if colored there would be no agree upon one of their number, he would surely appoint him. He asked Langston to take time under consideration, till the close of the week. Langston and his friends seem wholly averse to the proposition.

ATLANTA, GA., August 28.—The registration in Georgia has been completed, and, contrary to all expectations, the blacks are some two thousand in the majority. It was expected the whites would have a majority of thirty thousand.

THE PRESIDENT ROOTING OUT HIDDEN PAPERS.

Important Circular to the Departments.

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, August 17, 1867.

SIR: I have been directed by the President to address to each of the heads of departments the following communication:

Your attention is respectfully invited to the inclosed slip from the New York *Times* of the 15th instant, purporting to be a communication from a correspondent of that paper, writing from this city, in which he proposes to write at length a number of affidavits, and also the petition of one Dunham, and states that he copied them from all the originals, which he says are on file in the Attorney General's office in the Bureau of Military Justice, and the War Department, and says that they are on file in the proper departments, where he furthermore states that many more documents of like character are on file.

I have to state for the information of the heads of the several departments that there has not been found, upon due investigation, any papers corresponding to, or resembling in any degree, those recited in this publication, in the archives of the Attorney General's office, except those which were recited in full in a report from this office to the President, under date of the 5th instant, in relation to the application for the pardon of Charles A. Dunham.

The President instructs me to say that if any documents or papers resembling those recited in this publication are in the archives of the Government, he desires that they may be immediately forwarded to him for investigation.

In the event of there not appearing to be in any of the departments committed to your charge, nor in any bureau or office attached thereto, any paper or document corresponding with the publication referred to, the President further directs me to request that your reports will be prompt as your convenience will allow.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully,
JOHN M. BRINKLEY,
Acting Attorney General.

A Pastoral Letter from Bishop Quintard.

Previous to his departure for Europe, Bishop Quintard addressed the following pastoral letter to the Clergy and Laity of the Diocese of Tennessee:

BELOVED BRETHREN: At your suggestion I have accepted the invitation of his grace, the Archbishop of Canterbury, to attend a meeting of Bishops to be holden at Lambeth on the 24th of September, and propose to sail on the 14th of August. In bidding you an affectionate farewell, I ask your prayers that He who ruleth the winds and the waves may conduct me in safety to the haven where I would be, and restore me, in improved health, to the beloved pastors and people of my diocese.

I have authorized the Standing Committee of the Diocese to act during my absence as the Ecclesiastical authority thereof—according to the provisions of the canons of the full Convention.

The Rt. Rev. Bishop of Mississippi, and the Rt. Rev. the Assistant Bishop of Kentucky, will, I trust, perform such Episcopal acts as may be required in the Diocese.

The only point to which I desire to call your attention, is the importance of promptly meeting the pressing obligations of the Diocese. We are deplorably at fault. The Journal of the last Convention is in the hands of the printer because the parishes have failed to meet their assessments. I entreat you, dear brethren, save yourselves by forwarding to F. W. Smith, Treasurer of the Diocese, what you owe to God. You cannot know the great distress caused by neglect in this particular, and I implore you, one and all, to see that there is "meat" in the Lord's house.

I commend you to the God of all grace—and pray Him to set a watch between us while we are absent one from the other.

Affectionally your Bishop,
CHARLES TODD QUINTARD.

EDUCATIONAL.

MRS. LETITIA MAY

WILL OPEN A

Select School for Young Ladies

On Monday, September 2, 1867,

In the Basement of the Christian Church, on the corner of Linden and Mulberry streets.

THE FRENCH DEPARTMENT of this School will be under the care of Major LAMBERT MAY, late of the Confederate service, assisted by his daughter, Miss F. MAY, who has been two years in France. French will be spoken exclusively in this department.

A liberal patronage on the part of the public is respectfully solicited.

The services of the following gentlemen have been secured: Mathematics, Professor Bryant; Elocution, Professor Winans; Ancient Languages, Professor McFeely.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—By advice of friends I have concluded to add to my division of names a Preparatory Department, at (4) four dollars per month. I also take this occasion to remark, in order to correct a wrong impression in regard to my terms, that the Academic Department of my school takes prices, that the Academic Department of my school takes rates, that the Academic Department of my school takes prices, that the Academic Department of my school takes rates usually taught in female schools, with corresponding advancement in other branches of education. The undersigned, in retirement being designed to offer to patrons an opportunity to a higher and more thorough degree of scholarship.

August 26, 1867. LETITIA MAY.

SCIENCE HILL FEMALE ACADEMY,

Shelbyville, Kentucky.

THIS Institution is one of the oldest and best known in the Mississippi valley; is located in one of the most healthful and accessible regions of Kentucky, and in every department is a thoroughly organized and efficient school.

Eighty-seventh Session

Will Open on Monday, September 2, 1867.

For Catalogues or further information address

Mrs. J. A. TEVIS, Principal,
Shelbyville, Ky.

MEMPHIS FEMALE SEMINARY,

No. 169 Madison Street.

INCORPORATED December, 1866. The Second Session of this institution will open on MONDAY, September 2, 1867.

Faculty:

Mrs. ANNIE D. HAILE, Principal.
Miss M. J. McKAIN, Assistant.
ANTON SCHIDE, Professor of Music.
H. VILLEBRUN, Professor of Modern Languages.
G. F. McFEELY, A. M., Professor Ancient Languages.
W. J. BURTON, Professor Drawing and Painting.

For Circulars, apply at YOUNG & BROS., or at the Seminary. Dr. JOHN S. ALLEN,
J. G. TERRY, Secretary. Resident Board of Trustees.

J. D. STEWART'S

Classical High School for Boys.

LIMITED AND SELECTED.

PERMANENT Location, Alabama street, third door east of Hill street. Exercises will begin on the First Monday in September next.

LAGRANGE FEMALE COLLEGE

Will Open 2d day of September.

AND continue ten months. Miss NORA BRADFORD, of Memphis, and Miss ANNIE PEEBLES, of Richmond have charge of the Music Department.

J. D. MEREDITH.

Saint Mary's School.

MRS. MARY E. POPE,

RETURNED to Memphis, will open her School MONDAY, September 2, 1867. For Circulars, apply to YOUNG & BROS. at the School Room, or at No. 79 Jefferson street.

J. HAILE, Principal.
G. F. McFEELY, A. M.,
Professor of Language.

WEST TENNESSEE COLLEGE,

JACKSON, TENNESSEE.

WM. SHELTON, D. D. President.
W. ARNOLD, A. M., Professor of Languages.
WM. CAMERON, A. M., Professor of Mathematics.
R. L. ARNOLD, A. M., Professor of Physical Sciences.

The Session opens on WEDNESDAY, the 4th of September. The Course of Study is thorough and systematic.

The Expenses are Cheap. For Catalogues, address the President, or to General A. W. CAMPBELL,
Secretary of Board.

Law School

OF THE

UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI

AT OXFORD.

Faculty:

JOHN N. WADDEL, D. D., Chancellor.
L. Q. C. LAMAR, Professor.

THE course of study is completed in two terms of nine months each.

The method of instruction is that of oral examinations, daily, upon the text, accompanied by such explanations and lectures as State legislation and local adjudications render necessary.

Moot courts will be held weekly, in which the practice will conform in every essential respect to the rules, mode of procedure and argumentation adopted in the following courts:

1. District Court of the United States.
2. Circuit Court of the United States.
3. Supreme Court of the United States.
4. Circuit Court of Mississippi.
5. Chancery Court of Mississippi.
6. Probate Court
7. High Court of Errors and Appeals.

The Law Library numbers not less than one thousand volumes of reports.

The Law Students have the privilege of attending, FREE OF CHARGE, the Lectures and Recitations in any of the departments of Science and Literature in the University.

The sessions of the Federal Court, and of the High Court of Errors and Appeals, held at Oxford, give the students of this school peculiar advantages.

TEXT BOOKS.

JUNIOR YEAR.

Blackstone's Commentaries, Kent's Commentaries, Story on Bailments, Story on Agency, Story on Partnership, Byles on Bills, Smith on Contracts, Stephen on Pleading.

SENIOR YEAR.

Moot Courts, Greenleaf on Evidence, Adams' Equity, Angell & Ames on Corporations, Blackstone (4th book,) in connection with the Criminal Code of Mississippi; Revised Code of Mississippi.

A Diploma from this School is equivalent to a license for practice in Mississippi.

Tuition fee, $50 per term, in advance. The term opens on the 9th of September, 1867, and ends on the 26th of June, 1868.

Brownsville, Tenn., Female Institute

Rev. JOHN WILLIAMS, A. M., late of Wesleyan Female College, North Carolina, President.
JOHN P. WENDEL, Professor of Music.

THIS Institution will begin its exercises on

Wednesday, the 11th of September Next.

The Board of Instruction will be full and competent. Brownsville is on the line of the Memphis and Louisville railroad, sixty miles north of Memphis. Its society is good, and the town proverbial for its good health. Board can be had in the families of the best citizens. The course of study is as liberal and complete as any institution in the country.

Terms per session of twenty weeks, payable strictly, one half in advance:

Primary Department	$15 00
Academic	20 00
Collegiate	25 00
Ancient and Modern Languages, each	10 00
Music and use of Instrument	25 00
Drawing	15 00
Oil Painting	20 00
Incidental Fee	1 00

For further particulars, address
Rev. JOHN WILLIAMS, Pres.
or JAY WOOD, Secretary

ST. LOUIS LAW SCHOOL,

Law Department of Washington University,

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

THE first term of this Law School will open on WEDNESDAY, October 16, 1867, and continue for six months. Instruction will be given during the course (two years) in International, Constitutional, Admiralty and Maritime Law, Jurisdiction and Practice of Courts, Equity Jurisprudence, Pleading and Practice, by SAMUEL TREAT, United States District Judge; Common Law, Real Property and Successions, ALBERT TODD; History and Science of Law, Equity Jurisprudence, Pleading and Practice, NATHANIEA HOLMES, Justice Supreme Court, Missouri.

Law of Real Property and Successions, ALBERT TODD.
Pleading, Practice, Evidence and Criminal Jurisprudence, JOHN D. S. DRYDEN, late Justice Supreme Court, Missouri.

Law of Contracts, Commercial Law, HENRY HITCHCOCK.
Seventh and Chestnut streets.

Occasional lectures will be delivered by members of the Advisory and Examining Board, on which the following gentlemen have consented to act:

Hon. S. F. MILLER, of United States Supreme Court; Hon. D. Wagner, Chief Justice of Missouri; Hon. A. KNAPP, United States Judge Western District Missouri; Hon. C. B. Lord, Hon. W. Scott, Judges St. Louis Circuit Court; Hon. H. Bacon, late Chief Justice of Missouri; John B. Gray, Esq., Hon. Wm. Hyde, Hon. Edward Bates, Glover, Esq., John M. Krum, Esq., James O. Broadhead, Esq.

For Circulars with further information, apply on and after 5th September, to Prof. ALBERT TODD, Washington University Institute, No. 23 Olive street, St. Louis, Missouri.

HENRY HITCHCOCK,
Dean of Law Faculty.

STATE FEMALE COLLEGE,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

THE Fall Session of this Institution will commence on THIRD MONDAY (the 16th) of September next.

Only the same charges for Tuition as before the war. Board in private families and experienced teachers in all the departments. Parents desiring to locate their daughters in a home-like school, where moral and religious influences will be thrown around them, will find there is "meat" in the Lord's house.

For further information, or for Catalogues, address
C. COLLINS, President.

Education.

MR. VIGUS WILL RE-OPEN HIS SCHOOL

On Monday, September 9.

EDUCATIONAL.

Educational.

MISS VICTORIA D. BOWERS, recently engaged in teaching with Prof. Jones, of Quincy, Ill., will open her School, assisted by her sister, Miss M. S. Bowers, on MONDAY, September 2, at No. 126 Second street, between Union and Court. Her long experience as a teacher in Huntsville, Memphis, and other parts of the South, will be a sufficient guarantee of the satisfaction she will give her patrons.

The services of the following gentlemen have been secured to aid her in the enterprise: H. VILLEBRUN, Professor of Modern Languages; Lieutenant ——— McF EELY, A. M., Professor of Ancient Languages; JACOB MILLAR, Professor of Music.

MEMPHIS LADIES' INSTITUTE,

No. 212 DeSoto Street.

Principals:

Mrs. M. P. SOUTHWORTH, Mrs. F. P. McGEHEE.

THE Fall Session will open MONDAY, September 2, 1867, with the best professional talent in the city.

For terms, see circulars, or apply at the Institute.

MRS. M. A. KNOX

WOULD announce to her friends and patrons, that she will return to Memphis in time to reopen her school in the northern part of the city on MONDAY, September 30. Notice of the exact location will be given in the city papers the last week in August.

Lee Academy,

304 Third Street, Memphis, Tenn.

WE shall organize the Forces in this Academy for the coming Session, to begin on the first of SEPTEMBER MONDAY, September 2, 1867, with a full corps of Assistants in all departments, viz:

Professor ANTON SCHIDE—Music.
Professor A. VIGNERIE VILLEBRUN—French and Spanish.
Professor G. F. McFEELY—Latin, Greek and German.
M. A. K. MORGAN, Principal.

N. B.—Professor McFEELY will have supervision of the boys' several hours each day.

KENTUCKY SCHOOL OF MEDICINE,

(WEBSIGER BLOCK.)

Fourth Street, between Green and Walnut,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Faculty:

BENJAMIN W. DUDLEY, M. D., Emeritus Professor of Surgery.
J. A. IRELAND, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.
A. N. COOK, M. D., Professor of Principles and Practice of Surgery.
L. J. FRAZER, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.
J. W. BENSON, M. D., Professor of Anatomy and Clinical Surgery.
JAMES L. HOLLOWAY, M. D., Professor of Physiology and Medical Jurisprudence.
J. W. MAXWELL, M. D., Professor of Chemistry.
J. S. MORRL, M. D., Professor of Principles and Practice of Medicine.
W. TALSOT OWEN, M. D., Lecturer on General Pathology.
F. J. REYMOUR, M. D., Lecturer on "The Fluids of the Body."
GEORGE J. COOK, M. D., Demonstrator of Anatomy.

The Fifteenth Session of this Institution will commence on the FIRST MONDAY IN OCTOBER, 1867, and continue until the last of February, 1868.

FEES—Matriculation, $5; Lectures, $80; Hospital $5; Demonstrators, $10; Graduation, $25.

For further particulars address

Professor L. J. FRAZER,
Dean of Kentucky School of Medicine.

[CIRCULAR.]

NEW ORLEANS DENTAL COLLEGE,

At the "New Orleans School of Medicine"

Corner of Common and Villere Sts.

FIRST SESSION, 1867-68.

Faculty:

JAMES S. KNAPP, D. D. S., Professor of Theory and Practice.
ANDREW P. McLAIN, D. D. S., M. D., Professor of Institutes of Dentistry.
WM. S. CHANDLER, D. D. S., Professor and Demonstrator of Operative Dentistry.
GEORGE J. FRIEDERICHS, D. D. S., Professor of Dental Science and Mechanism.
GEORGE W. DIRMEYER, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica, Therapeutics.
E. S. DREW, M. D., Professor of Anatomy and Physiology.
HENRY LAURENCE, D. D. S., Demonstrator of Mechanical Dentistry.
ALFRED W. PERRY, M. D., Demonstrator of Anatomy

☞ The Chair of Metallurgy and Chemistry will be filled at an early day.

The Regular Course of Lectures will commence on the first Monday in November, 1867, and continue for four months.

The facilities for Practical Instruction afforded by this College are not surpassed by any similar institution in this country.

Terms of Admission:

Professors' Tickets, for a full course	$120 00
Matriculation Fee (paid once)	5 00
Diploma	30 00
Demonstrators' Tickets, (or Anatomy)	10 00

For further particulars address

JAMES S. KNAPP, D. D. S., Dean,
Office, No. 15 Baronne street, New Orleans.

The Mount Auburn Young Ladies' Institute,

SITUATED on that beautiful eminence north of the city of Cincinnati, which derives its name, has just closed its twenty-second session.

The past session has been one of unusual prosperity, there having been in attendance two hundred and thirty five young ladies, gathered from all parts of the United States. No case of sickness requiring a physician has occurred.

Its beautiful and healthful location, while yet so near the city, gives it advantages over other city or country schools.

Its character as a first rate Seminary of Learning is too well known to need further comment.

The Faculty, consisting of fifteen teachers, already very extensive, are receiving yearly additions.

For Catalogues or further information address

I. H. WHITE,
25 West Fourth street, Cincinnati, Ohio,
Or H. THANE MILLER,
President.

MRS. DOYLE'S SELECT SCHOOL.

THE Autumnal Session of this SEMINARY, for the instruction of pupils in ENGLISH and FRENCH, will

Commence on Monday, September 2, 1867.

At the residence of the Principal, No. 909 CARROLL AVENUE, late Harsel street, Carondelet.

The Hebrew Educational Institute

WILL be open on September 2 for the Fall and Winter sessions, at their new and commodious building,

303 Third Street, between Monroe & Madison.

Ample arrangements are being made for a full and competent Faculty.

Circulars will be issued in due time, giving particulars.

SOMERVILLE INSTITUTE.

THIS SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES

Will be opened on September 2d,

Under the continued direction of the undersigned.

THE buildings are commodious and spacious; the situation beautiful and healthy; the corps of Teachers is full and able; the locality elevated and in a retired part of the town, and furnished with both cistern and well water. No case of serious sickness has occurred during the last two years.

CHARGES WILL BE AS FOLLOWS:

Tuition per session of twenty weeks	$20 00
Music	40 00
Use of Instrument	5 00
Languages	10 00
Drawing	10 00
Board per month	15 00

Pupils furnish their own towels lights and bed covering. For further particulars see Circulars. Address

H. H. RIVERS,
Somerville, Tennessee.

COLUMBIA MALE SCHOOL

W. J. MARTIN, Principal; E. A. MARTIN, A. M., J. C. DINWIDDIE, A. M., Assistants.

THE FALL SESSION of this School will begin September 2, and continue until December. The spring Session will begin immediately thereafter, and continue for the same length of time.

Boys are thoroughly prepared for any college, or for the business of life.

The Principal is a graduate of the University of Virginia, and has taught in that and in the two Carolinas, the last ten as Professor of Natural Science in the University of North Carolina. The Associate are graduates of the University of North Carolina, South Carolina and Virginia, and are experienced teachers. Additional Assistants will be added as they are required.

The Course of Study embraces the following: Primary Studies, History, Belles Lettres, Mathematics, Natural Science, Book-keeping, Ancient and Modern Languages. Parents may rely on their sons having full opportunity to get a thorough education.

The school is located at Columbia, Tenn., a proverbially healthy situation, easily accessible by railroad. The place is noted for its admirable female schools, and parents may now have their sons and daughters near each other while receiving their education.

TERMS—For session of five months, payable half in advance and half at the middle of the session, Primary Department, $20; Higher English, $30; Classical, $35. Board, including room rent, fuel and lights, can be had in private families at $15 to $20 per month.

For Circular, containing further information, address the Principal.

CARD.

The undersigned, citizens of Columbia, respectfully announce to the public that in view of the great necessity for a good male school at the place, and the great want of high schools in the South, a number of our citizens have secured the buildings and grounds formerly occupied by the Methodist Female College, with the intention of establishing a PERMANENT SCHOOL FOR BOYS. We have obtained the services of Professor W. J. MARTIN as one school for us, on the 2d of September next. He will be assisted by able and proficient men. He is a gentleman of fine attainments as a scholar, and of good skill and experience as a teacher. We cannot do better.

JAMES H. THOMAS,
JAMES H. McKINNEY,
W. C. WRITHORNE,
L. N. BARNETT,
Committee.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

DEAF AND DUMB INSTITUTION,

CONDUCTED

BY THE SISTERS OF ST. JOSEPH,

IN THE CITY OF BUFFALO, N. Y.

THE Scholastic Year is divided into two sessions of five months each, beginning on the 1st of September and the 1st of February, during five weeks in July.

Pupils are received at the Age of Reading, St. Washington Monday, St. Vacation, if spent at the Institution, Boarding, Washing, Mending, Medical Attendance, Use of Bed and Bedding, Fuel and Lights, Entrance and Graduation, $200 per annum.

Those wishing further information, are referred to Rev. WM. QUINLAN, or the MOTHER SUPERIOR of the Institution at Buffalo.

Payment in advance.

LEGAL.

Administrator's Notice.

HAVING been appointed and qualified as Administrator of the estate of Henry Blake, deceased, at the May term, 1867, of the County Court of Shelby county, Tenn., this is to notify all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment to me, and all persons having claims against the same must present them to me, properly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law.

R. H. MOORE, Jr.,
No. 320 Front street.

Administration.

AT the April term of the County Court, I obtained letters of administration on the estate of David K. Lowman, deceased. All creditors of the estate are notified to file their claims, properly certified, with C. C. Dunnings, 239 Second street.

VIRGINIA LOWMAN,
Administratrix.

Insolvent Notice.

THE insolvency of the estate of John Baum, deceased, having been suggested to the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to file the same, duly authenticated, with the Clerk of said Court, on or before the 8th day of November, 1867, or they will be forever barred.

ELEANOR BAUM,
Administratrix of John Baum, deceased.

Trustee's Sale.

Valuable Mississippi River Plantation for Sale.

BY virtue of a deed of trust made to me as trustee on the 8th day of December, 1865, by R. T. Harrell, and which is duly registered in the Register's office of Tipton county, Tennessee, in record book P, pages 58, 59 and 60, and to which reference is here made, and in pursuance of the terms thereof, I will proceed, on Friday, the 6th day of September, 1867, between the hours of 11 o'clock A. M. and 2 o'clock P. M., at public auction, in front of the Postoffice in Memphis, Tennessee, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described land conveyed in said trust deed as follows: A certain tract of land, situate, lying and being in the county of Tipton and State of Tennessee, situate on the banks of the Mississippi river, adjoining the lands of John Trigg on the north, John and E. S. Klein on the west, and Potter's land on the east, and Samuel Benton's on the south, containing six hundred acres, it being the tract of land sold by Benson Brown to R. T. Harrell on the 15th of December, 1865; said deed of trust also conveys with the land all cattle and hogs, corn and cotton crops on the place, and all farming utensils and mechanics' tools, which will also be sold at the same time.

There is now said to be a magnificent cotton crop growing on the place. There is a comfortable dwelling house, also other outhouses and buildings on the place, and is known as the plantation formerly belonging to Bedford Brown, Esq. The title to said property is believed to be undisputed, but I will only sell and convey as trustee.

For more particular information apply to RELCHER & RELCHER, Attorneys, Irving Block.

J. M. RELCHER,
Trustee.

Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee.

No. 1267—S. R. D.—Franklin Insurance and Banking Company et al. vs. Same et al.

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested that the undersigned has been appointed Receiver of the Franklin Insurance and Banking Company and Franklin Insurance Company, in the above stated cause in said Court. Debtors of said Companies are notified to call at Room No. 6, Bethel Building, corner of Court and Main streets, Memphis, Tennessee, and settle their indebtedness.

J. K. P. PRITCHARD, Receiver.

Insolvent Notice

Of Estate of William H. Chambers, in County Court of Shelby County.

THE insolvency of the estate of William H Chambers, deceased, having been suggested, all persons to whom said estate is indebted, will file their claims with the Clerk of said County on or before the 15th day of January, 1868, or the same will be barred. By order of JOHN LOGUE, Clerk.

MARY H. CHAMBERS,
Administratrix of Wm. H. Chambers, deceased.

County Court of Shelby County.

Estate of James T. Person, deceased.

AS administrator of T. J. Vanderville, deceased, who was executor of James T. Person, deceased, I have filed a final settlement of the estate of said Person, so far as said Vanderville executor's account of T. J. Vanderville is concerned, and all parties are hereby notified that I will have required to do, on the first Monday in September next, at the September term of said County Court.

A. D. HUSTON,
Administrator of T. J. Vanderville, deceased.

Attachment.

R. E. Forrester vs. William Jones.

THE plaintiff, on affidavit that the defendant is indebted to him, and has removed out of the county privately, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, having obtained an original attachment before Ben Sherrod, a Justice of the Peace in the county of Shelby, and state of Tennessee, defendant, returnable before me, the said Ben Sherrod, J. P., on the first Monday in August next, and the same having been levied on defendant's property: it is ordered that the defendant appear before me at my office at Mason's Depot, on the fourth Monday in August next, to defend said attachment suit, or it will be presumed against him; it is further ordered that this notice be published in the Memphis Weekly Avalanche for four successive weeks. Given under my hand this 12th day of July, 1867.

BEN SHERROD,
Justice of the Peace.

In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee.

No. 1205—Jacob Toman et al., vs. John Hallum, administrator of J. W. Matthews, deceased, et al. Creditor's Bill.

It appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendants James F. Matthews, a resident of the State of Mississippi, and non-resident of the State of Tennessee: It is therefore ordered that he make his appearance herein, at the Court House in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in August next, and plead, answer or demur to complainants' bill, or the same will be taken for confessed, as to him, and set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy—Attest.

AUGUSTUS ALATON,
Clerk and Master.

By R. J. BLACK, Deputy C. & M.
FINLAY & KELLAR, Sols. for complainants.

Law Court of Memphis.

D. M. Briggs, administrator of Briggs, deceased, plaintiff, vs. A. G. W. Thomas, defendant. Attachment suit.

AFFIDAVIT for attachment having been made in this case in pursuance of section 868 of the Code of Tennessee, and attachment writ having been issued and returned by the proper officer, "levied, etc., on the property of the defendant, A. G. W. Thomas, it is therefore ordered, that said defendant appear at the Court House, in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in October next, and defend this suit, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him and the cause set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four consecutive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche.

JOHN DONOVAN,
Clerk.

R. H. CAPERS, D. C.
AYAR & SANDIDGE, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of two executions directed to me from the Law Court of Memphis—one in favor of Johnson & Just and the other in favor of Jacob Bros., both of Memphis, and both against J. F. Wagner et al., I will, on Monday, the 9th day of September, 1867, between the hours of 11 o'clock A. M. and 2 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House door, in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described real estate, viz.: Lots No. 1 and 2, in Armour's subdivision of a part of the Whitby tract, bounded as follows: Beginning at a point on the west side of Lauderdale street, (as opened from New Raleigh road to Madison street,) north of the intersection of the south side of Madison street with the west side of line of Lauderdale street; thence northwardly and with the west line of Lauderdale street 800 feet to a stake; thence westwardly and at right angles from Lauderdale street eighty-nine and a half feet to a stake; thence southwestwardly with the line of old Lauderdale street to 4-100 feet to a stake; thence eastwardly 149 feet to the beginning; levied on as the property of defendant, John D. Armour, to satisfy the above mentioned executions.

P. M. WINTERS,
Sheriff of Shelby County.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY an order of Court, directed to me from the Circuit Court of Shelby county, State of Tennessee, I will sell at the Court House door, in the city of Memphis, a certain tract of land, with all the improvements, to satisfy an execution in favor of J. L. Fraser and others against J. S. Finney, rendered at the May term, 1867, judgment June 26, 1867, for debt and cost of suit, and decreed by said Court on the 30th day of July, 1867, to-wit: Situated on the Memphis and Ohio railroad, nine miles east of Memphis, in sections 3 and 4, range 6, of the fifth surveyor's district of said county, and bounded as follows: Beginning at the east corner of a 50 acre survey, in the name of Nathaniel McKinney, thence west 81 poles and 9 links to the range line, thence north with the range line 80 poles and 21 links to a stake, the southwest corner of Andrew Thomas' occupant claim, thence east with Thomas' south boundary line 114 poles 15 links to a stake from which stands pine and 32 inches dia. marked J. S. Finney, pointing a blaze and 12 links to a stake, from which stands "p" east 21 links a black gum marked J. S. Finney, thence east 81 poles 10 links to a stake, thence south 84 poles to H. H. Walker's northwest corner, thence west 32 poles to a stake standing, east and west from two white walnuts 8 links, from each thence south 81 poles to a stake, thence west 16 poles to a stake in the east boundary of an entry in the name of McKinney, thence north with the said boundary line to the beginning, supposed to be acres. July 19, 1867.

P. M. WINTERS,
Sheriff of Shelby county.

By E. W. CALDWELL, D. S.

Sheriff's Sale.

I WILL sell to the highest bidder for cash, on the third Monday in September, 1867, at the Circuit Court House door, in the city of Memphis, Tenn., certain tracts or parcels of land, and described as follows: One tract, containing eight acres, lying in Shelby county, State of Tennessee, in the (1) eleventh surveyor's district, beginning at a stake in the Hog's road, at the corner of Thomas Bell's land; thence south seventy-nine degrees west, from a red oak corner to J. S. Dennis and Harry Wright's line; thence west with said Wright's line thirty-five and sixteenth poles to a stake, corner of R. F. Harris; thence south with Harris' line thirty-six poles to a stake; thence east thirty-five and six-tenth poles to a stake; thence north, four degrees, west twenty-four poles with said Dennis' line to the beginning.

Also, six and 10-100 acres, more described as follows: In range six, section three, Riecord's surveyor's district, beginning at a stake on Pond Buck's west corner, on T. C. Crenshaw's north land with the Nonnie Cemetery; thence north forty-five degrees, seven links to a stake with large white oak pointer; thence north fifty-seven chains and fifty-one links to a stake with poplar pointer; thence east thirty-five chains and twenty three links to a stake with red oak pointer; thence south forty five chains and nine links to a poplar and elm, on the bank of a small creek; thence south thirty degrees, east seventeen chains and thirty links to the beginning. Levied on as the property of W. J. Noland and wife H. J. Noland, to satisfy an execution against them and in favor of H. H. Whitfield, administrator of W. P. Whitfield. Judgment obtained at June term of the Circuit Court, 1867, for three hundred dollars and eighty-five cents and c. etc. suit.

P. M. WINTERS, Sheriff.

By E. W. CALDWELL, Deputy Sheriff.
August 5, 1867.

Law Court of Memphis.

M. Lindauer, plaintiff, vs. A. Goodhardt, defendant. Attachment Suit.

Affidavit for attachment having been made in this case in pursuance of section 868 of the Code of Tennessee, and attachment having been issued and returned by the proper officer "levied, etc.," on the property of the defendant, A. Goodhardt, it is therefore ordered that said defendant appear at the Court House, in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in October next, and defend this suit, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him, and the cause set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four consecutive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche.

JOHN DONOVAN,
Clerk.

R. H. CAPERS, D. C.
AYAR & SANDIDGE, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of two executions directed to me from the Circuit Court of Shelby county, State of Tennessee, at the May term, 1867, I will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Circuit Court room door, in the city of Memphis, on the first Monday in September, 1867, within the usual hours of sale, the following described real estate as the property of Wesley Cole, to-wit: Lying in said county and State, range 5, section 3, in the 10th surveyor's district, to-wit: Beginning at Winfield Cole's southwest corner, thence south with C. Galloway and Tweedy's north boundary line to the corner of a 15 acre tract, surveyed and sold by R. W. Caldwell, D., my sheriff, thence north to Winfield Cole's south boundary line, thence west to the beginning; being about 15 acres, to satisfy three executions, two in favor of Thomas W. Moore for Wesley Cole, judgment December 21, 1865, for $200 with cost, and one $200 with cost, and one in favor of G. W. Alsup or Wesley Cole and E. Pollan, judgment dated the 15th July 31, 1867.

P. M. WINTERS,
Sheriff of Shelby County.

By E. W. CALDWELL, D. S.

Insolvent Notice

Of Estate of William H. Chambers, in County Court of Shelby County.

THE insolvency of the estate of William H Chambers, deceased, having been suggested, all persons to whom said estate is indebted, will file their claims with the Clerk of said County on or before the 15th day of January, 1868, or the same will be barred. By order of JOHN LOGUE, Clerk.

MARY H. CHAMBERS,
Administratrix of Wm. H. Chambers, deceased.

County Court of Shelby County.

Estate of James T. Person, deceased.

AS administrator of T. J. Vanderville, deceased, who was executor of James T. Person, deceased, I have filed a final settlement of the estate of said Person, so far as said Vanderville executor's account of T. J. Vanderville is concerned, and all parties are hereby notified that I will have required to do, on the first Monday in September next, at the September term of said County Court.

A. D. HUSTON,
Administrator of T. J. Vanderville, deceased.

Attachment.

R. E. Forrester vs. William Jones.

THE plaintiff, on affidavit that the defendant is indebted to him, and has removed out of the county privately, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, having obtained an original attachment before Ben Sherrod, a Justice of the Peace in the county of Shelby, and state of Tennessee, defendant, returnable before me, the said Ben Sherrod, J. P., on the first Monday in August next, and the same having been levied on defendant's property: it is ordered that the defendant appear before me at my office at Mason's Depot, on the fourth Monday in August next, to defend said attachment suit, or it will be presumed against him; it is further ordered that this notice be published in the Memphis Weekly Avalanche for four successive weeks. Given under my hand this 12th day of July, 1867.

BEN SHERROD,
Justice of the Peace.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on the 30th day of September term of the Probate Court for letters of administration on the estate of Giuseppe Cappelli, deceased, will be granted.

J. A. SIGNAIGO,
Vice Consul of Italy.

In the Circuit Court of Shelby County, at Memphis, Tennessee.

Mary C. Shields, administratrix of W. K. Worsham, deceased, vs. Thomas Shields et al.

In this cause an auxiliary attachment was issued and duly returned by the sheriff levied, by garnishment on the property and effects of defendant in the hands of R. P. Bowling. It was ordered by the Court that the defendants appear in said Court at the Court House in Memphis, on the third Monday in October next and then and there to plead to said attachment suit or it will be presumed against them, and the same will be taken for confessed.

M. D. K. STEWART, Clerk.
PICKET & HANSON, Att'ys for Complainant.

Insolvent Notice.

HAVING suggested the insolvency of the estate of David H. Chapman, deceased, all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to file the same with John Logue, Clerk of the County Court of Shelby county, properly authenticated, on or before the 15th day of February, 1868, or the same will be forever barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment to me or suit will be entered against them.

MARY H. CHAMBERS,
Administratrix.

Circuit